WEEKLY EDITION
1.00 per Annum, in Advance.

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

DAILY EDITION
$3.50 per Annum, in Advance.
1.75 for 6 Months, " "
90c. for 3 " " "

OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIII—NO 3,232 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1898. NEW SERIES—VOL. XV—NO. 782

State Library

No. 083. Made in 54, 48, 42, 36 inch widths.

$2.25 buys this full-sprung, White Enameled Bedstead. In stock in all widths; length 6 feet. It has one-inch pillars, two brass vases and caps. This bed retails at from 5 to 6 dollars.

Buy of the maker and save the middleman's large profit. Our Catalogues are mailed free. Complete lines of Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Crockery, Pictures, Mirrors, Stoves, Refrigerators, Lace Curtains, Lamps, Bedding, etc., are contained in these books. Our Illustrated Carpet Catalogue with cuts of six hand-picked colors sent free. Carpet samples are wanted mailed free to buyers. Drop a postal at once to the money-savers and remember that we pay freight this month on purchases of Carpets, Lace Curtains, Portieres and Rugs amounting to $20.00 and over.

Julius Hines & Son
BALTIMORE, MD.
Please mention this Paper.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggists for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper.
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

Doubles the pleasure of a drive. A low carriage doubles the pleasure of driving. Intending buyers of carriages or harness can save dollars by sending for the large, free catalogue of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

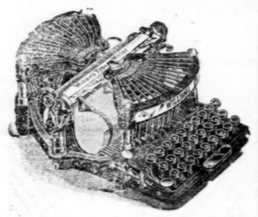
—SUBSCRIBE FOR THE—
FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER,
A BRYAN DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER.

The OBSERVER is the leading advocate in North Carolina of the policy of turning out the present Goldbug Fusion Government, now disgracing the State, by a reunion of the whites whom VANCE led to victory. It is for WHITE REUNION against BLACK FUSION.

It opposes any political movement by Democrats outside of the Democratic organization. It stands by every plank in the Chicago platform, as the true expression of Democracy. Accepting the restoration of "White Supremacy" as the paramount issue, it believes that the Democracy should lose no time in shaping its course to that end. It is plain that the blacks, who rigidly drew the color line in the late election, will not assist the whites in the restoration of white supremacy. It is equally plain that the Republican allies of the blacks, who have demonstrated their negrophilism by thirty years of fusion with the blacks, will not assist in restoring white supremacy. The Observer therefore favors consideration of the question, "How shall the reunion of the two wings of Vance's Democracy be effected," so that the masses of the Democratic party may be justly represented in the next Convention. It is unalterably opposed to fusion—that is, to any political combination which requires a sacrifice of Democratic principles as duly expressed by the party.

Daily Edition, $3 50 per annum.
Weekly Edition, $1,00 per annum.
E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.
E. J. HALE, Jr., Business Mang'r

The Williams Typewriter,



NEW NO. 2, FOR 1898.

Visible Writing. Extreme Durability.
Direct Inking. Lightest Carriage.
Best Work. Easy Touch.
Key Board Lock. Phenomenal Speed.
Permanent Alignment. Superior Manifolding.

Old Machines Taken in Part Payment.

Full catalogue on application. Agents wanted in unoccupied territory.
We have a few second hand machines of other makes for sale, also supplies.

EDWIN A. HARDIN CO.,
Sole Southern Dealer, Atlanta, Ga.
F. R. ROSE, Agent.
Fayetteville, N. C.
(Menton this paper.)

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfils every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, upon receipt of three two-cent stamps to cover cost of postage on the bottle. Mention the OBSERVER and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY and active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in North Carolina. Monthly $65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. R. Chicago

The Message of McKinley.

Will say, don't let your store of Rice's Goose Grease fall into the hands of the Spaniards, as it is a grand remedy for such a race. It cures every time.—Adv't.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

RECOGNITION INDISPENSABLE.

That is a very curious idea which is imputed to the President, viz: to intervene in behalf of Cuba and to withhold recognition of her independence. It has a sinister look, and has already aroused the angry remonstrance of the Cuban Junta. And very naturally; for if our recognition of Cuban independence is to be made dependent upon her establishing a stable government, it will come when she has no need of our help. The idea seems too absurd to be entertained.

If the President's message contains such a proposition, it will confirm the popular suspicion of his good faith, and it should receive a lasting rebuke at the hands of Congress.

Let recognition be the first move.

NONE SO BLIND AS THOSE WHO WILL NOT SEE.

An esteemed contemporary says:

"It's a singular fact that National Democratic Chairman Jones' addresses are couched in language that is construed by some to favor fusion, while others affirm that it does not. They should have a ring clear as silver dollars."

There is not the slightest ambiguity in Chairman Jones's address, or in the State committee's resolution endorsing it. The McKinley Democrats construed it in various untruthful ways—as favoring fusion, as favoring the abandonment of the Democratic party, as favoring the formation of a new party, and so on. The State committee understood precisely what it meant and endorsed it unanimously, with one dissenting vote. The effort to make the public who have not seen it, believe that that clear and ringing document is ambiguous, has been reinforced by publications in a number of anti-Bryan newspapers of alleged interviews with members of the committee. These gentlemen are represented as saying that the resolution meant this, and that it meant that, but it is noteworthy that not one of them, though challenged to do so, has made such a statement over his own name or declared that he authorized the interviews imputed to him.

Let our esteemed contemporaries who have been deceived by the McKinley Democratic press, read Chairman Jones's address for themselves and also the State committee's endorsement of it, and see how absolutely incapable of misconstruction either of them are.

The Typical Democrat.

Atlanta Constitution.]

In his own nature and character, Mr. Bryan represents and exemplifies all those elements, qualities, convictions and principles that belong to the democratic masses. So that those who see and hear him tonight will see and hear one of the greatest and most typical leaders of the people that have appeared in this republic since its organization. More conservative in his utterances than Jefferson was, and more in control of his temper than Jackson, he stands forth the natural representative of democratic principles.

McKinley's Chosen Adviser Convicted of Bribery.

Raleigh News and Observer.]

Although the body of the General Assembly that elected him has made it a part of the official record that Mark Hanna is guilty of bribery, that venal corruptor is the chosen adviser of the President of the United States. As long as McKinley listens to Hanna, the chief magistrate will hear nothing except "the jingle of the guinea." Will it "help the hurt that honor feels?"

Death of Gus. Evans.

We take the following from the Houston Post, announcing the death of W. A. Evans. Mr. Evans was a native of Cumberland couny, moved to Texas in 1855 was the oldest brother of E. H. Evans, Maj. Jno. Evans and Capt. Jas. Evans. He leaves one sister, Mrs. James P. Robertson, of this county.

Mr. William Augustus Evans died yesterday afternoon at the boarding house of Mrs Dusenberry on the corner of Walker avenue and Travis street, aged 70 years. He was borne in Fayetteville, N. C., on June 12th, 1818, and came to Texas some forty years ago, since which time he has been a resident of Houston. A few years after his arrival here he married Miss Annie Couger, a member of one of the oldest families of this section, and to them several children were born, only one of whom, Mrs. John Clardy, is still living. Mrs. Clardy resides at Hopkinsville, Ky., but came to Houston about two weeks ago, and has been at the bedside of her father from that time until his death. Her girlhood days were spent in this city, and she has a number of friends here.

The deceased was a man whose entire life was theorized by deeds of generosity and kindness, and he was a universal favorite among all who knew him. He was an enthusiastic sports man, even after he had reached his advanced age, and much of his time was spent in hunting, fishing and kindred amusements.

The funeral services will be conducted at Mrs. Dusenberry's residence by Rev. Henry D. Aves at 1 o'clock this afternoon, after which the remains will be taken to the family burying ground on the old Massie place, about twenty miles down the bayou, where they will be interred by the side of the wife and children of the deceased.

The tug Eugene will be used for the trip.

The pall bearers are: A. P. Root, S. P. Christian, S. S. Ashe, W. V. R. Watson, F. A. Rice, Captain J. C. Hutcheson and W. D. Cleveland.

M. L Yocum, Cameron, Pa., says "I was a sufferer for ten years, trying most all kinds of pile remedies, but without success. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me I used one box. It has effected a permanent cure." As a permanent cure for piles DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal. King Bros.

The Earth's Magnetism in North Carolina.

For the Observer.]

The earth's magnetism is one of those mysterious forces in the world, the nature of which nobody has been able to explain to the satisfaction of other people, but like other of these mysterious forces man is making use of it in the practical affairs of life through the magnetic compass, the telegraph, the telephone and in many other ways. No ship ventures upon the sea without having a magnetic needle as its guide; no man attempts to locate the boundary line of a State, county, township, or an acre of land, without calling to his service this mysterious force of nature manifested in the compass of the surveyor. Hence it deserves a careful investigation.

It is well known that our little compass needle which indicates the magnetic north does not generally point to the true north pole, but usually a little to the east or to the west of that point. Hence, in ordinary surveyor's language we speak of the compass needle varying so many degrees to the east or the west of the true north. (1) Further more it is well known that the amount of this variation is quite different at different places. Thus, in 1887 the following variations are approximately correct for three different places in North Carolina: Newbern 1 degree and 54 minutes west; Raleigh 1 degree and 18 minutes west; Asheville 37 minutes east.

(2) And yet there are places where the magnetic north agrees exactly with the north and south lines, and such would be spoken of as places of no variation. But these points of no variation instead of remaining stationary are in North Carolina moving westward. Thus, in 1840 the line of no variation was at Newbern; in 1866 at Raleigh; in 1897 near Asheville. And this of course means that the amount of variation at one place in North Carolina instead of remaining the same year after year is gradually changing. Thus, at Raleigh in 1845 the variation of the magnetic line from the true north was 0 degrees, 44 minutes east. In about 1866, as stated above, the magnetic north and the true north were the same, and hence there was no variation. But in 1887 the magnetic north moved to the west of the north to the extent of 1 degree and 18 minutes.

(3) Though the variations just mentioned are sufficiently puzzling to give the engineers and land surveyors a considerable amount of trouble, if the irregularities named were all that we have to contend with the difficulties could be overcome with some ease, after locating the true north and south line at a few stations, at Newbern, Raleigh, Charlotte, Asheville, etc.

But unfortunately, if starting on our southern boundary line we follow the compass needle across the State of North Carolina, we will find that instead of travelling in a straight line we would probably make curves of considerable magnitude in areas of even smaller extent than one of our counties. So that instead of the magnetic north and south line across the State being a straight line it may be quite a crooked one. Consequently a magnetic map of North Carolina showing the variation of the compass needle in the several counties of the State could not be prepared unless the conditions had first been examined in each of these counties.

HOW A MAGNETIC SURVEY CAN BE MADE—ITS COST.

That such a magnetic survey should be made at once no intelligent person who is familiar with the records of our courts and the difficulties of relocating old boundary lines no doubt for a moment. The question arises, how can this be done; how much would it cost, and can it be done at once. Let me say that the first thing which ought to be done in the making of such a survey is that in each county seat of the State the true north and south line should be determined with all possible care and marked by stone posts, known as meridian posts, so that at any time engineers and surveyors working in that county can go to this point, test their compasses, and the variation at that time.

This, of itself, would eliminate many of the troubles that have arisen in connection with the location of the boundary lines, but this of itself would not be sufficient in all cases, for the reason mentioned above that the variation at the county seat would not necessarily indicate the amount of variation in more distant parts of the county. Thus, if at Raleigh the variation should be 2 degrees, and in the southwestern corner of Wake county this variation might only be one degree, the difference of a degree in the variation would in running a line one mile long throw that line out nearly one hundred feet.

But difficulties of this kind can be largely eliminated if after the north and south line has been determined and marked at all the county seats, a magnetic map is drawn on which are indicated all the records thus obtained; and after this map is made any special variation in the magnetic lines are indicated, special examinations can be made in that region in order to determine the character and extent of these variations. After this has been done the magnetic map can then be revised and the location of the curved lines as well as the straight lines can be indicated in each county.

Then, there need only be made in the future, at intervals, observations at a few points like Newberne, Raleigh, Charlotte and Asheville, to determine the rate of variation from year to year, but this later work would be readily done by the general government with out cost to the State.

COST OF A MAGNETIC SURVEY.

As to the cost of a magnetic survey like the one outlined above it is estimated that about $50 per county will bear all expenses connected with the determination of the true north and south line, the determination of the strength of the magnetic force, the existence of causes of local variations, and the erection of meridian posts (of granite.)

This work should be undertaken in North Carolina at once because, in the first place, it is something which is greatly needed, and in the second place, it can be done cheaper and better just now than it could have been done at any time in the past or than it could probably be done at any time in the near future, owing to the fact that during this year the services of one of the most thoroughly trained experts and a full equipment of the most expensive and accurate instruments can be secured free of charge except a sufficient amount to cover the actual traveling expenses and other incidental expenses. It is estimated that the work can be done during this year in about fifty counties.

STATE WILL AID THE COUNTIES IN MAKING IT.

This matter of a magnetic survey, while of importance to the State at large, yet is chiefly a matter of concern to the several counties that have largely the control of the surveying, and it is in the several counties that the cost of litigation and trouble arising arising from imperfectly surveyed boundary lines must usually be borne. Hence it is that in several States where this work has been undertaken it has been the custom of the counties to bear all the expenses connected with the work. In order to aid and encourage this work in North Carolina, however, the State has agreed to co operate with the several counties to the extent of bearing one half of the total expenses incurred in connection with the determination of the true north and south line and the erection of meridian posts to permanently mark this line near each county seat.

A number of counties have already accepted this proposition. Mr. J. B. Baylor, the expert from the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, is already in the State, and the work has been begun. It is believed that at the April meeting of the Board of County Commissioners provision will be made enabling the work to be undertaken in a number of additional counties. It will hardly be possible to complete the surveys in more than fifty counties during the present year. As far as practicable the work will be taken up in the order in which the counties accept the proposition. And the cost will depend somewhat on whether we go from one county to that adjoining or skip from one county to another some distance away.

Hereafter we may be able to secure neither the government expert nor the supply of costly and accurate instruments, and hence if North Carolina is to keep up with the other portions of the country in the march of progress, it is important that we move in this matter at once.

J. A. HOLMES,
State Geologist.

In Case of War.

The Atlanta Constitution's Washington correspondent, Mr. Obl, writing on Tuesday, gave the following as the plan of campaign in the case of war:

The first great battle of war with Spain will be fought upon the high seas. There will be no landing of troops upon Cuban soil, and no attack upon the forts of Havana until after Spain is driven from the sea. The authority for this statement is the highest. It comes from one whose position requires that he know every movement that is made, every plan that is discussed, every purpose of those in supreme command. In the very nature of things the name of this official can not be given. He has not talked for publication, he has no idea that the secrets which he has disclosed will reach the public. He is one of the men whose names are on every lip, because he will be an active participant in the war that is to come.

According to this official, it has been determined that the proper policy for this government to pursue when the time for action comes is to make the United States mistress of the seas as between her and her foe before there is any movement for the occupation of Havana and Cuba. The contrary impression has been allowed to go abroad for effect. The people of this country have the idea that a declaration for armed intervention or a declaration of war would be immediately followed by an attack made upon Havana. According to the plans which have been elaborately presented by some of the newspapers the fleet under Captain Sampson would move at once to Havana and begin a bombardment of the forts there, while from some other point in the south, presumably Savannah, a heavy land force would be sent across to co operate with the insurgents in a land attack upon the Cuban metropolis.

Spain seems to be biting at the enticing proposition of an attempt on our part to seize Havana. This explains to some extent the declaration sent out from Madrid that the Spanish do not intend to strike the first blow. Instead of hesitating about striking the first blow from any desire to secure a moral victim, the reason the Spanish fleet would not be sent to the defence of Havana is that the Spaniards see a much more favorable opportunity to strike. The Spanish idea would be to let the ships of the American fleet go ahead with their attack upon Havana, while their own fleet lay off at Porto Rico waiting for results. They know the power of the guns in the fortress at Havana, and they know that even if a seige by the American fleet should in the end result with success to the American flag, our ships would necessarily be more or less damaged in that conflict. Then when these ships had been disabled and were on their way back for repairs, the Spanish fleet would swoop down upon them at a time when the Spaniards would have all the advantage.

The men who have mapped out the campaign for the American army and navy realize all these facts and possibilities just as well as the Spaniards do. They know in every detail the strength of Havana's armament. Lieutenant Jenkins, who went down in the Maine, had obtained all this information and his papers which he had drawn up, were lost with him. Subsequently the navy officers were busy seeking the same information, and it was not until every bit of the required information was again in hand that the board was allowed to complete its work. The fact undoubtedly explains, to some extent, the delay of that board in coming away from Havana.

The Havana fortresses are splendidly equipped with great twelve inch and thirteen inch guns, which are equal to anything we have for coast defense. In any attack our navy makes upon Havana, those guns will undoubtedly give a good account of themselves. It is fair to presume that much damage would be done to the American fleet, no matter what the final result of the conflict might be. The ships of the navy are constructed of metal, and metal is required to repair the injuries to them. These repairs cannot be made at sea.

Then, too, the conditions in Cuba at this time make it inadvisable for a land campaign. Against any army which we might land there, the Spanish are able to present a force of 60,000 soldiers who are fairly acclimated. The officials of the war department do not underestimate the possible strength of Spain's army there. True, the newspapers have had much to say about its being made up of stripling youths; but the stripling youths of the southern states made excellent soldiers and, moreover, our own militia is made up largely of stripling youths. But, of course, the greatest consideration is that of climate and health.

The officers of the war department realize that any army sent from the United States to Cuba at this time of the year must necessarily lose from 25 to 50 per cent of its members from the ravages of disease. They have no idea, therefore, of exposing either the regular army, the militia of the states, or the volunteer forces to any such needless dangers. All of these considerations have contributed toward the formation of the plans which are locked up in the breasts of the men at the head of the navy and war departments and a few chosen subordinates.

These plans all point to a great sea battle as the first step in the war for peace in Cuba. The Spanish navy is to be run out of American waters, and wherever a ship flying the Spanish flag is found she is to be made captive or to be destroyed. After this is done, the occupation of Cuba will follow. It would be an easy matter, so the officers of the navy department figure, to maintain a blockade of the Cuban ports with the ships of the auxiliary navy while the navy proper is out doing business with the Spanish navy at Porto Rico or some point not far from there. Then in the fall, should it be necessary, forces would be landed in Cuba and the work of capturing Havana could be carried on to successful completion without danger of molestation from the Spanish navy. This is the plan of campaign that is to be followed.

The Milk in the Cocoanut.

Speaking of the President's reputed plan for intervention without recognition of Cuban independence, the Atlanta Constitution's Washington correspondent says:

"So far as this purpose can be analyzed it looks like another play into the hands of the crowd that would force the Cubans to pay for their independence and thus place upon their shoulders the burden of a heavy bonded debt that can be manipulated by the money interests of this country and Europe."

Items from Adjoining Communities of Bladen and Cumberland Counties and St. Paul's.

St. Paul's, N. C., April 5, 1898.

Rev. J. D. Clark will preach at the Whitted School House in upper Bladen county next Sunday evening at 3 p. m.

Rev. Frank Coats is conducting a series of tent meetings at Parkton this week.

Miss Addie Johnson, who is attending the Red Springs Seminary, spent last Saturday and Sunday here accompanied by two of her schoolmates, Miss Margaret McKinnon and Miss Richardson.

The Mormon Elders have struck this community—what next?

On last Sunday evening during the absence of the family, the dwelling house, kitchen and smoke house, of Mr. William Bagget, who lives about three miles from St. Paul's, were totally destroyed by fire. We hope our people will open their hearts and administer promptly to this family's needs.

B.

Beaver Dam Items.

BEAVER DAM, April 4, 1898.

Mrs. T. A. Horne is very sick, we regret to say.

Mr. Owen Gardner, of Amon, Bladen county, paid our section a visit Saturday and Sunday.

Messrs. S. G. Bullard and Everet Crumpler spent a few days in Sampson recently. We guess *cupid* carried them across the county line.

Miss Mary Cooper closed her school week before last. This closes the last school in the township under the new management, with only about fifty per cent. of the school children enrolled. A bad showing for education. How long before our people will wake up to the cause of education. We desire to see the day when they will get aroused.

Rev. R. A. Hedgpeth filled his regular appointment at Beaver Dam church. He preached from the "subject" of missions, and showed the people very plainly that it was their duty to "contribute to missions."

Rev. C. A. Jenkins preached at Clay Fork Academy last Saturday evening. Mr. Jenkins beat his best efforts that we have heard. His sermon was a grand effort.

We are glad to see that the County Democratic Executive Committee has met and organized. We do not know Mr. Huske personally, but are satisfied that he is a good Democrat or he would not have been elected Chairman of our County Committee. Now let every Democrat give him a hearty support. We must not forget our *enemies* at home, who are trying to overthrow our bulwarks of liberty. Let the free silver forces keep a solid front and send solid free silver men to our State Convention when it meets in Raleigh. Our great danger is not from Spain, but from those who try to get control of our government by unjust means for their own benefit.

War is all that is talked about now a days. To whip Spain seems to be an easy job with some of our braves. But we fear there will be something to do but talk if we get in war with Spain. As for our part we want those starving Cubans freed from Spanish oppression and misrule, and the honor and integrity of our nation vindicated, but for Heaven's sake and humanity's sake, we want war averted. Our pension rolls are large enough now, without any new additions, and our national debt is large enough for a while, at least, and with war on us, and the people all carried away on the subject of war, our grand chances of carrying the country in the coming elections are lost and that means longer oppression for the Southern farmer and laborer. JACK.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it *to-day*. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Children like it it saves their lives. We mean One Minute Cough Cure, the infallible remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, and all throat and lung troubles. KING BROS.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

The Judgeship.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—The nearness of the Judicial convention is a reminder of the fact that the next Judge of the Seventh Judicial District is shortly to be nominated by the Democratic convention. We want to nominate a good man and a good lawyer, a man who knows the law and has the quickness and ability to carry the law into effect. Such a man is H. L. Cook, Esq., a man of the people who from a penniless newsboy has risen step by step, until now he is one of the foremost lawyers in North Carolina. He is a man of the people and will fairly and honestly administer the law between man and man. It is a noticeable fact that some Judges do twice as much work as others, and their opinions are sustained as well or better. Mr. Cook is a bright and quick lawyer and will dispense business safely and rapidly. We don't want to nominate a man who is too slow, painstaking and wordy on the bench. Judges ought to be well acquainted with both the civil and criminal law. Mr. Cook practices largely on both dockets and is I think the most competent man to nominate.

If Cumberland will give him a hearty support he will be nominated, I believe, as he was so favorably presented to the district four years ago.

W. H. H. WADE.

April 2, 1898.

Respectfully Inscribed to the F. I. L. I. by an Old Confederate at Old Fort, N. C.

There are in the State two independent companies, the Fayetteville Light Infantry and the Charlotte Light Infantry (col'd.)—*Ral News & Observer, April 5th.*

Good sense is honorable as well as "The Gray."
Fayetteville Independents, which is the way
To free Cuba?
Shall you take hand separate and alone
To go as yourselves all forlorn
To free Cuba?
Or will you to *patriotism* prove true,
Put on the National colors of blue
And free Cuba?
Remember Gen. Fitz, at his post all alone,
Standing a pillar, while McKinley's all *undone*
Trying to free Cuba.
The old uniform was grand in its day,
But Fitz says now, come all *this way*
And free Cuba.

When God's work is perfected,
The Gray and Blue fully connected,
And Cuba is free;
Will be time enough to remember
That grand, glorious Defender,
Gen. Rob't E. Lee.

The County Medical Society.

The Cumberland County Medical Society met Thursday in Dr. McNeill's office, every city member being present. Dr. J. Vance McGougan read the paper, which was entitled: "The Management of Diptheria and Croup in the Light of Modern Research." The paper so impressed the members that they ordered that it be sent to the N. C. Medical Journal for publication.

A committee was appointed to go to Charlotte on the 3rd or May and invited the State Medical Society in session there, to hold its next meeting in this city.

It has been nine years since the Society met here.

Lumberton Disgusted.

Last week a great crowd of the citizens of Lumberton and surrounding country, of all political parties, held an indignation meeting, ending by hanging McKinley in effigy.

A correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger says:

The figure was a large man of straw kneeling at the feet of Mark Hanna. The following inscription was placed on his body:

"William McK.; he's a jay; badly scared of Spain, he took a sudden fit; won't fight a bit; will never be president again. Old McKinley is dead; the last words he said, 'Never let the dollar go by.'"

At the foot of the effigy a United States flag was dragged in the dust by a chariot of gold, driven by Mark Hanna.

The Populist Proposition

A correspondent from Raleigh writes the Wilmington Messenger:—

Much of the talk here to-day was about the proposition which the "majority populists" will make to the democrats for co-operation. Secretary of State Thompson, of the populist State committee, said: "I confirm all Auditor Ayer said yesterday as to the plan. It is the sentiment of the committee. I think it will cover congressional, judicial, legislative and county fusion. You understand a certain element does not want to make any proposition at all, but I think the sentiment of the convention will be to make it. I do not know certainly as to county offices, but I think it will be for complete co-operation."

Buckien's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

At "Castle Hall" Tuesday Night.

After the transaction of routine business at the last regular weekly convention of Cumberland Lodge K. of P., Knights Dr. J. W. McNeill, T. J. Whitted and S. W. Tillinghast read selections, all of which were much enjoyed. Dr. McNeill read a selection from "A Doctor of the Old School," a Scotch Dialect reading for which the Doctor, himself a genuine Scotchman, was admirably adapted. Mr. Whitted's piece, "A Run on the Bank of Sandy Run," was humorous and well rendered. All was expectancy when Mr. Tillinghast's name was called; for he had been announced to read "The Raven," which he did in a manner to provoke the applause of his hearers, and to excite the apprehension of his friends.

It was decided to hold a "Knights' Reception" at the Lodge room Tuesday night week, April 19th, to which each Knight is expected to bring one lady member of his family, or, in case of "old bachelors," his best girl. Light refreshments will be served, the Big Six Orchestra will furnish music, and other interesting features are being arranged.

News of Interest.

The board of visitors of the South Carolina Military Academy Friday expelled 64 cadets, who participated in the rebellion which took place at the academy on the 3rd of April. A meeting of the visitors was called at once, and has been in session for several days. The order of expulsion gave the cadets two hours in which to leave the building. The boys belong to many of the most prominent families in the State. The order sent from the academy two thirds of the students.

More than two-thirds of the cities of Ohio have elected Democratic mayors, including the homes of McKinley, John Sherman and ex Secretary of the Treasury Foster.

McKinley carried Milwaukee by 6,200 majority. The candidate of the Democratic and Populist parties, acting together, have a majority of nearly 4,000 on Wednesday.

Fayetteville Presbytery.

All the railways have agreed with the Stated Clerk to sell tickets at reduced rates to parties going to Fayetteville Presbytery to meet at Carthage, N. C., Tuesday, April 19th at 8 P. M. The Durham and Charlotte Railroad Company agrees to sell round trip tickets for one straight fare. Going on this line round trip tickets will be bought to Gulf where a transfer will be made and another round trip ticket bought. Easy connections are made both ways by this route and Carthage may be reached more cheaply and several hours earlier.

Bellicose Tramps.

Officer Benton arrested two colored tramps in Redbone Thursday and notwithstanding their assertion that they were on their way to fight the Spaniards, they were locked up. One of them had a Winchester rifle, fully loaded, both had an arsenal of pistols and razors.

When taken before the Mayor this morning, they gave their names as Silvester Jenkins and John Smitherman. Both were bound over to the Criminal Court.

Possibly a New Factory.

There was a gentleman here last week for the purpose of looking over the field with a view to establishing a cotton factory. After a tour of the city and immediate vicinity, he expressed himself as much impressed by our advantages. He will take the matter under serious consideration and will return to make further investigation. We are not at liberty to give his name at present.

The Populist Convention.

The Populist State Convention has been called for May 17th. Hal. Ayer says that the Populists will suggest co-operation with the Democrats. He says there was not one member dissenting from this proposition. The result seems to be a complete triumph for Mr. Butler.

Mining the Mouth of the Cape Fear.

The Wilmington Star of Friday says that a detachment of U. S. army engineers arrived there yesterday and will go to Fort Caswell to-day to mine the harbor. It was in charge of Corporal Wm. J. Costello, who was the only officer along.

Accident to 71st.

Little Douglas Odam, the four year old son of Mr. Chas. Odam, fell from a lumber pile Wednesday afternoon and fractured his shoulder.

Frost.

There was a heavy frost Friday morning and no doubt some damage was done. At sunrise the thermometer stood at 32.

Removal.

Mr. F. R. Rose has removed his office to the old Bank of Fayetteville building, opposite the LaFayette.

The Overbaugh House.

Mrs. H. P. Davis has taken charge of the Overbaugh House on Green street, and is ready to receive boarders.

It is a great leap from the old-fashioned doses of blue-mass and nauseous physics to the pleasant little pills known as DeWitt's Early Risers. They cure constipation, sick headache and billiousness. King Bros.

THE DANGER

to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding and dread with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial is appreciated by but few. All effort should be made to smooth these rugged places in life's pathway for her, ere she presses to her bosom her babe.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

allays Nervousness, and so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without such violent protest in the way of Nausea, Headache, Etc. Gloomy forebodings yield to cheerful and hopeful anticipations—she passes through the ordeal quickly and without pain—is left strong and vigorous and enabled to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her. Safety to life of both is assured by the use of "Mother's Friend," and the time of recovery shortened.

"I know one lady, the mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, who obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' of me before her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly and easily. All agree that their labor was shorter and less painful."
JOHN G. POLHILL, Macon, Ga.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address upon application, by THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
Fayetteville, N. C. Savannah, Ga.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE.
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. MARSH, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Office: N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

E. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S

DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTERSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.

OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

THE ÆTNA
Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.
Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
Her Reputation is the best to-day
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property.
B. R. HUSKE, Agent

our orders for
FLOORING
AND
CEILING
for my planing mill will have prompt attention if left at my Hardware Store.
Walter Watson.

Marble and Granite
Monuments - and - Headstones!
The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of
Monuments
—AND—
Headstones
to select from. My workmanship stands
SECOND TO NONE
in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work. A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.
Very respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works

—THE—
Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Does a General Banking Business,
RECEIVES DEPOSITS
SUBJECT TO CHECK.
Collects Notes and Drafts
Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,
AT REASONABLE CHARGES,
and remits promptly for all collections.
Capital Stock - - - - $200,500.00.
☞ No deposits received on interest.
H. W. LILLY, President,
J. R. WILLIAMS, Vice Pres't.
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.
Fayetteville, N. C.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....APRIL 14, 1898.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

The President's Message.

Against Independence.

Full Synopsis of the President's Message.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, April 11.—The President sent his message to Congress shortly after noon today. The main points in the message are as follows: The message strongly opposes the recognition of belligerency as an expedient. It is also opposed to the recognition of independence in Cuba at this time, but favors the granting of authority for such use of the armed forces of the United States as he may deem necessary to put an end to hostilities and to secure a stable government in Cuba. It also asks for an appropriation to be used for the relief of such people as are still in need. The message shows that Spain herself first suggested to this government the desirability of an armistice, and signified in advance her assent and asked the United States to use it's good offices to secure a like assent from insurgents. This request was denied. The Maine incident figures quite prominently in the message. The President argues that the wreck of our battle-ship in Havana harbor shows conclusively that Spain is not able to guarantee to us and other nations that security to their vessels which they have a right to demand. The message asks Congress to authorize and empower him to take measures to secure a full and final termination of hostilities between the government of Spain and the people of Cuba and to secure the establishment of a stable government, capable of maintaining order and observing its international obligations, insuring peace and tranquility, and security of its citizens as well as our own, and to use such military and naval forces of the United States as may be necessary for these purposes.

After recommending that distribution of supplies be continued, the President closes "The issue is now with Congress. It is a solemn responsibility. I have exhausted every effort to relieve the intollerable condition of affairs which is at our doors. I am prepared to execute every obligation imposed on me by the constitution and the law, I await your action." The President acknowledges the receipt of information of the proclamation of the suspension of hostilities on the part of Spain and says, "If this measure attains a successful result then our aspirations as christian and peace-loving people will be realized, if it fails it will be only another justification of our contemplated action."

The message shows that so far as possible Spain disavowed any connection with the wrecking of the Maine, expressed her deepest regret and sorrow that the appalling disaster should have occurred in port within her jurisdiction. The only feature in the message which will encounter the serious opposition of Congress is that of giving discretionary power to the President to use force. It is believed, however, that a majority of the committees of the two houses to which the message is referred will support the President's view. The opinion is gaining ground in the administration circles that a more conservative sentiment will be developed than seemed possible a week ago.

The following is an abstract of the correspondence with the Consuls in Cuba sent to Congress today by the President. The correspondence about the Maine disaster with Consul Gen. Lee began on January 12th, when Gen. Lee cabled, "Mobs led by Spanish officers attacked to-day the offices of four newspapers here advocating autonomy. The rioting at this hour, 1 p. m., continues." The following day he wired: "The presence of warships may be necessary later, but not now." He said January 12th, "I am told that troops are massed inside the palace to protect the Governor General. The mob shouts "death to autonomy, death to Blanco." Uncertainty exists whether Blanco can control the situation. If it is demonstrated that he cannot maintain order, preserve life and keep peace, or if Americans and their interests are in danger, ships must be sent, and to that end should be prepared to move promptly. Excitement and uncertainty is predominate everywhere."

For two days following Lee reported all quiet. On Jan. 24, Judge Day sent him the following: "It is the purpose of the Government to resume friendly naval visits at Cuban ports. In that view the Maine will call at the ports of Havana in a day or two. Please arrange for a friendly exchange of calls with authorities." Promptly the same day Gen. Lee replied, "I would advise that the visit be postponed six or seven days to give the last excitement more time to disappear. I will see authorities and let you know the result. The Governor General is away for two weeks. I should know the day and the hour of the visit.

Mr. Thos. M. Rose came up from Hamlet Tuesday to spend Easter,

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, April 11, 1898.

Congress has weightier business on hand than to find fault with the reasons which Mr. McKinley says caused him to ask for armed intervention in Cuba, knowing that every man who fires a gun in the war with Spain will feel the sentiment expressed by Col. John A. Joyce in the following verse from a poem dedicated to Capt. Sigsbee:

"Remember the Maine in the midst of the battle;
Strike down to the death where black cannons rattle—
On ocean or mountain, on valley or plain—
Remember forever, remember the Maine!"

Consul General Fitz Lee, having completed the task of getting all the Americans who desired to leave out of Cuba, is now on his way to Washington to tell Mr. McKinley and Congress what he thinks is the best and quickest way to get the Spanish out of Cuba. It is understood that he also brings evidence that will convince even Mr. McKinley that we have good reasons to seek vengeance on Spain. In addition to insulting the country by refusing to see Gen. Lee on the day of his departure from Havana, Gen. Blanco has done some other things that Gen. Lee will tell about when he arrives, but the most important thing he will bring is the evidence making it absolutely certain that the Maine was blown up by a Spanish omcial in Havana, although he will also probably bring other information that he did not care to make public while there were numerous Americans in Cuba liable to be made victims of Spanish treachery.

While not possible at this time to specify the exact time that our big fleet of warships at Key West will start to Cuba, they will certainly get off this week, unless there shall be some delay on the part of Mr. McKinley in carrying out the authority that will be conferred upon him by Congress, or the Spanish shall announce their recognition of Cuban independence and intention to evacuate the island. Naval officials regard the taking of the seaports of Cuba as an easy task, and are impatiently awaiting orders to proceed.

The so called army reorganization bill, which provided for increasing the regular army, whenever in the opinion of the authorities there was an exigeney, to 104,000 men, is virtually dead, the House having voted to send it back to the committee on military affairs, which reported it. It was an administration measure.

In response to a request for information on the subject by Representative Cooper, of Texas, Secretary Alger stated that the work of fortifying the coast of Texas was being pushed rapidly to a conclusion and that sufficient heavy guns had been allotted to Sabine Pass to protect that port from any attack the Spanish could make upon it.

The democrats in Congress are ready to vote the government all the money that will be needed to thoroughly thrash Spain, even to the extent of an issue from $100, 000, 000 to $500, 000, 000 in coin bonds, but they have made it plain to the schemers who have been sounding Congress on the subject that even if every gun owned by Spain were trained upon the Capitol building, in easy range, they would refuse to vote for the issue of one single gold bond. Their position on this question, in which they are supported by all the populists and a considerable number of republicans, stopped all talk about the issue of gold bonds, and the bill that will be reported from the Ways and Means Committee to the House, as soon as the actual fighting begins, will provide for 3 per cent coin bonds.

Judge B. F. Buckner, of Ky., who is well posted on Kentucky politics, says: "Our people are not satisfied with the republican regime, state or national, and Kentucky will get back into the democratic column at the earliest possible date, to remain there permanently. The legislature that will elect Senator Lindsay's successor will in all probability send Hon. J. C. S. Blackburn back to the Senate, where he would be still but for one of those unaccountable political accidents that gave Kentucky its first republican Senator.

Col. Jed. Hotchkiss, of Va., who participated in more than 100 battles in the civil war says: "We have ample justification for war and will wage it, but I do not think the crash will be severe, for the Spanish government too well understands its inferiority. It may may make a semblance of fight in order to appease the home rabble, but with the absolute certainty of being crushed, it will speedily bow to the inevitable."

Blanco's Proclamation.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, April 11.—The State department received today Gen. Blanco's proclamation ordering the cessation of hostilitres in Cuba which is as follows: "His majesty's government yielding to the reiterated wish expressed by his holiness the Pope, has been pleased to decree a suspension of hostilities with the object of preparing and facilitating a restoration of peace on the island, in virtue whereof I believe it convenient to order: Article 1—'From the day following the receipt in each locality of the present proclamation hostilies are ordered to be suspended in all territory on the island of Cuba.' Details for executing the above article will be an object of special instructions that will be communicated to the several commanders-in-chief of the army corps for the easy and prompt execution, according to the situation and the circumstances of the case.

"BLANCO."

Co-Operation in Orgeon.

The following letter gives good news for the Democracy from Oregon:

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE,
OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9, 1898.

Maj. E. J. Hale,
Fayetteville, N. C.,

MY DEAR SIR:—It would perhaps be of some interest to you to know that the Chairman of the Union Committee in Oregon writes me of the recent arrangements for co-operation in that State as follows: "Our union of forces was completed at the meeting of the State conventions on the 23rd ultimo, more complete than was expected by the most sanguine. We will not lose 3 per cent. of the Populist vote, will get the full Democratic vote, and all the Silver Republicans, and make satisfactory gains from the straight Republicans, and especially in the First district. Our ticket is good, and I never saw less dissatisfaction."

I hope that similar results may be brought about in other sections of the Union where co-operation will be of incalculable benefit to us and where a failure to co-operate will be of immense help to the Republicans.

Very truly yours,
JAMES K. JONES.

History Reversing Itself.

Baltimore Sun.

The presentation of the collective note of the six European powers—Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria-Hungary, Russia and Italy—on Thursday in reference to the pending situation in Cuba and President McKinley's reply invest with new interest an almost forgotten chapter in the history of the dealings of this country with Spain more than twenty years ago.

In 1875, after the Cuban insurrection, which began in 1868, had then lasted for seven years without any apparent prospect of termination, the Hon. Hamilton Fish, then secretary of state, by direction of President Grant, addressed a letter to our minister in Spain, the Hon. Caleb Cushing, containing the following passage:

"In the absence of any prospect of a termination of the war, or of any change in the manner in which it has been conducted on either side, the president feels that the time is at hand when it may be the duty of other governments to intervene, solely with a view to bringing to an end a disastrous and destructive conflict, and of restoring peace in the island of Cuba. No government is more deeply interested in the order and peaceful administration of the island than is that of the United States, and none has suffered as the United States from the condition which has obtained there during the past six or seven years. He will, therefore, feel it his duty at an early day to submit the subject in this light, and accompanied by an expression of the views above presented, for the consideration of congress."

Substantially, there was nothing in this note which had not found expression in previous messages of General Grant to congress and in previous instructions given to our ministers at Madrid. In the general instructions furnished to General Cushing before his departure, Mr. Fish had said:

"The president cannot but regard independence and emancipation (of the slaves) of course, as the only certain and even necessary solution of the question of Cuba."

Emancipation had been decreed before the note to Mr. Cushing of November 5, 1875, and is, therefore, not referred to. Previous instructions to General Sickles, Mr. Cushing's predecessor, had been in the same line. The notable feature in the attitude taken by our government in 1875, however, in connection with the note to Mr. Cushing, and which he was instructed to read to the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, was that simultaneously copies of the same note were sent to General Schenck, our minister at London, with directions to read the same to Lord Derby; and our representatives at St. Petersburg, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Lisbon and Rome, with instructions to communicate the same orally to the governments to which they were respectively accredited, and to ask their intervention with Spain in the interest of terminating the state of affairs existing in Cuba.

The situation of Thursday in the Blue parlor of the White house, when the envoys of the powers saw President McKinley, was exactly reversed. Twenty years ago the United States asked the six powers, seven of them in fact, including Portugal, to join with our government in restoring peace and order in Cuba. On the 30th of November, 1875, the American note was presented to the British government. On the 25th of January, 1876, the reply of Great Britain was given by Lord Derby to General Schenck. It was, in substance, that her Majesty's government was convinced that Spain would not listen to mediation and was not prepared to bring pressure upon her in case of her refusal. In fine, Lord Derby thought "that if nothing were contemplated beyond an amicable interposition having peace for its object the time was ill chosen, and the move premature." The answer of the other governments were equally unsatisfactory, and so the appeal of the United States over twenty years ago to the European powers to assist in the work of pacifying Cuba in the interest of humanity fell to the ground.

These and other interesting incidents connected with these well nigh forgotten negotiations are very clearly and succinctly summarized in an article in the March number of the North American Review on the subject of "The intervention of the United States in Cuba," by Mr. John H. Latane, of this city. For a number of years the correspondence from which we have quoted was buried in the files of the state department. It only came to light in response to a resolution of the senate, passed March 24, 1896, and was transmitted to congress by President Cleveland on the 15th of April. It is published as senate executive document No. 213, fifty-fourth congress, 1st session. Mr. Latane indulges in some very natural speculations as to the reasons why this correspondence was so long withheld from the public, suggested by its obvious variance from the traditional "Monroe doctrine" and policy of the state department.

It would hardly lie in the mouth of any American statesman today to resent as officious or impertinent the courteous and kindly meant suggestions of the powers in the collective note presented by them to Mr. McKinley, in the face of President Grant's appeal to the same powers for the same purpose in 1875. Neither, on the other hand, can any of the powers complain if, having turned a deaf ear to this government's earnest appeal in behalf of peace in 1875, they should be answered now, altering slightly the language of Lord Derby, that "the time is ill chosen and the move too late." It had been better if it had come sooner and were better if it were addressed now to Spain instead of to the United States. Suppose the powers had listened in 1875 to the request of the United States? Peace, in all probability, would have prevailed since and be prevailing today in Cuba, and the dread possibilities of a war which may extend no man knows how far, and last no man can tell how long, might have been completely averted.

Lee at Richmond—He Speaks.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Richmond, April 12.—Governor Tyler and his staff and delegations of thousands of wildly enthusiastic Virginians met Gen. Lee and forced him to speak. He said, "this is not a time to speak. Time for action has arrived. What are you yelling for, don't you want to fight?" Ten thousand voices rent the air with tumultuous "yes." The General continued, "This is a day I long have sought, and mourned because I found it not. It makes me happy when I come to you to render an account of my stewardship, to see that you all with one accord so enthusiastically commend it."

The farmer, the mechanic and the bicycle rider are liable to unexpected cuts and bruises. De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best thing to keep on hand. It heals quickly, and is a well known cure for piles. King Bros.

Bladen County News.

DUBLIN, N. C., April 9th, 1898.

The time is drawing near for the Democratic primaries and county conventions, and it is to be hoped that all of the advocates of free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 will co operate in this State and in every State in the Union as they have done in Oregon, and elect an overwhelming majority of free silver Congressman next fall, and thereby put an end to monometalism, and restore bimetalism as it existed prior to 1873.

The farmers are all busy planting corn and preparing to plant cotton.

We fear that the recent cool weather has injured the fruit.

Capt. D. J. Clark, one of Bladen's most prominent men, died at his home near Rosendale, March 30th, aged 75 years. He was an officer ,in the Confederate army, and was also Sheriff of this county a number of years ago.

Frank P. Munn, of Maysville, has gone to Ivanhoe, where he will accept a position with Elisha Andrews.

Messrs. E. J. Hister and W. H. Bryan have planted their mill ponds in rice.

Rev. Mr. Jenkins assisted Rev. C. P. Snow in a protracted meeting at Westlean Chapel the past week.

Hon. T. D. McDowell continues in feeble health.

Married. In Elizabethtown, N. C., on the 4th inst., Hon. C. C. Lyon and Miss Mary R. Stedman, Rev. Mr. Wooten officiating.

The Democratic Executive Committee of Bladen county, has been called to meet in Elizabethtown Saturday, April 16th.

S. M. King has been appointed post master at Elizabethtown to succeed Mrs. Stedman.

AMERICUS.

MR. EDITOR:—There seems to be a growth in this country of what is called "jingoism," and grave doubts have been expressed as to the value of our institutions. It is not confined to any political party or subject. Party ties are held to be less binding now than ever before. The management of the political parties are controlled by a few men. If these men were of the type of Senators Butler, Jones and ex Congressman Towne, we would then have a government for the people. If they are of the other type—Cleveland, McKinley & Co., we would have a government for the bondholders and railroads. The former will perpetuate the country while the latter will destroy it, and reduce the masses of the people to industrial slavery. The influence of wealth has been dictating legislative measures. A Senator was elected in North Carolina by fraud and corruption. They (a part of the Legislature) was bought with offices, some with the promise of office, while others received the cash down. Some have been appointed postmasters and to other minor offices, while some others are running at a "two forty rate" for deputy collector's office, claiming at the same time to be a Populist of the "strictest sect." All of which is bestowed upon them as a reward for their treachery. There are Democrats of the same stripe, viz: the Charlotte Observer, the Sanford Express et al.

Mr. Cleveland disrupted his party by doing the biddings of the money power.

All monopolies, trusts and every thing which is sucking the life blood of the people to day has taken shelter under the Republican party, why, because they fear the Bryan Democrats and Populists. A party to the money power is a means by which they rob the people to enrich themselves, be it right or wrong. The people are going to unite for their protection regardless of party and demand a just remuneration for their labor. I believe that the people will make a demand along this line.

It is evident there is but one way to overthrow the money power in this country. The people must unite under one flag and follow the plans laid down by Senators Jones, Butler and ex Congressman Towne in their address to the country. The people want no man for leader that worship's the golden calf. The fellows that are always hollering patriotism and loyalty to the party are the tools of the money power.

The agents of monopolies and the political apostles of boodle are always partisans, and when their schemes are exposed, throw up their hands in holy horror and accuse you of attacking and trying to wreck the party.

These same fellows, composed of office seekers and agents of the money power will bolt conventions and legislative caucuses and then attempt to ascribe that it was an intervention on the part of Providence to prevent the disruption of the party.

It is beyond doubt that the money power in this country is tremendous. It tries to manipulate state and national conventions, buys the legislators and the newspapers of the country.

The average office seeker is opposed to the allying of the people, for fear of rotation in office. The great masses of the people are not expecting or ever have the remotest idea of office, and they care not from what source relief comes, and are willing to unite to accomplish the end for which they desire. Let every man, like Col. Davenport, be found doing his duty towards home and country when the time comes, and the time for action is now at hand.

DUNK DOWNING.

March 29, 1898.

WESTVILLE ITEMS.

Mr. A. J. Black and Miss Lula Darrach, of Blacktown were united in the lovely bonds of marriage Sunday last.

Mr. Gilbert Shaw and family gave a fine reception Saturday and asked a few of the girls and boys to their entertainment. Nothing like being merry.

Miss J. M. Shaw, of the Lightwoodknot Branch, went over to Mr. Hugh Bain's, of Kates creek, to stay a few days and enjoyed her visit.

Miss Lula Bain, of Kate's creek came down to Scotland and stayed over Sunday. She was the guest of Mr. Gilbert Shaw and family.

Mr. Jacob West and wife, of Westville, spent Sunday evening with Mr. D. M. Clarke, of Campbell Grove.

Miss Liza McLean, of Campbell Grove, spent Saturday and Sunday at Scotland.

We are glad to learn that Mrs. L. B. West, who has been quite sick, is improving.

Miss Dora Foushee, of Jonesboro, who has been visiting at this place since January returned home Friday, and Mr. N. D. Shaw is mourning.

Nothing like keeping up with your neighbors. NELL.

RAEFORD NOTES.

Rev. Mr. Alexander will preach at Bethel next Sunday.

Mrs. Martha Johnson, of Eagle Springs,, N. C., was in town Friday.

Misses McLauchlin, Robeson and De Vane, of Red Springs Seminary, spent Saturday and Sunday at Vollers, the guests of Miss Fannie Dickson.

The pic-nic here last Saturday was well attended.

RANDOM REMARKS.

BY SAAWEN.

THE CLOSING VIEW.—Each day now seems to be the last day of forethought before proceeding to definite action in the Spanish matter. The government at Washington, apparently, is ready to begin war. As the time for consideration draws to an end those who are to bear the brunt and the onus of it may well take a general and final view of of the American side of the controversy. Following the close of our civil strife, the rising generation were directed to a natural destiny remote from conflict and the conditions that engender it. The whole tendency of education in the United States for thirty years has been to manifest independence of warlike agencies and policies in the development of the Western world. Content with our domain, and confident of its ample resources, we looked with no covetous eye toward other possessions. Converting all reliance on industry and commerce, and applying the national energy to those pursuits, we have only maintained an army so small that it has been more a jest than a menace to other nations, and as to the navy, it could not have protected our commerce on the waters against extensive brigandage.

If ever a country sought and appeared to be secure from war, it was the United States. Nevertheless, nations are so related that the act of one may prove counter action from another. Essentially, and rightly, the sympathy of this country has been with Cuba in its struggle for liberty from the curse of Spanish rule. This sympathy has constantly grown in volume as the sovereignty of Spain became more and more barbarous.

From bearing a grudge, Spain became to cherish malice against us because of that sympathy. The rest is told in the events of the last two months. It is doubtful whether in the whole course of national deference to the opinions of the world any country ever before exercised the diligent regard shown by this government in the present crisis. All the measures of justice have been worked and all the arts of diplomacy employed, but apparently without avail. In order not to play the bully, our government has pursued a course of forbearance which, at last, public sentiment will no longer brook. There is some reluctance in America over accepting the liberation of Cuba as the principal justification of the United States, but the American people are a unit in the demand that the destruction of life on the Maine be amply avenged. There is not a terror equal to the wrath of the American people over a flagrant and bloody insult to our flag, and the President and congress are but carrying out the united demand of the republic in holding Spain to the fearful accountability at hand. Much has been said, and wisely, too, if the horrors of war, and certainly that resort should be the last; but much is to be said, also, of the glory of war when a nation's duty, a nation's honor is the guage. That country which will not at all hazzard defend its flag from assault deserves, as it will have, no seat among the honorable nations of the earth. And the wretched mind that pauses and palters at the cost in such an issue shows a poverty of patriotism to be despised.

April 8th, 1898.

Graded School Report.

To the Trustees of the Graded School:

GENTLEMEN:—Herewith I have the honor to submit my report of seventh month of the current scholastic year of the Fayetteville Graded School:

Pupils on rolls at beginning of month,	199
Pupils entered during month,	1
Pupils (total for month),	200
Boys during month,	95
Girls during month,	105
Average attendance,	168
Per cent. attendance,	.84

Following is the

ROLL OF HONOR.

Girls—Maggie Poe, Mattie Atkinson, Pearle McClellan, Nellie Atkinson, Amanda Amos, Myra Bell, Stella Bell, Nellie Cook Davis, Nan Fisher, Sadie Gardner, Mary Weldon Huske, Florence Hocutt, Dixie Poe, Mary Agnes Monroe, Annie Sedberry, Caroline Bramble, Louise Huske, Katie Lamb, Sallie Vann, Hattie Owen, Sallie Robeson, Eleanor Huske, Grace Jennings, Marie Thornton, Rebecca Solomon, Ellen P. Hall.

Boys—Haigh Small, Neill McArtan, Vernon Maultsby, Harvey Calais, Jas. Emmitt, Archie McLean, Jas. Maultsby, Addison Lambeth, Louis Fitzell, Richard Fitzell, Alonzo Jones, James C. Taylor, John Raiford, Fred Adams, Arthur Culpeper, Allen Culpeper, William Adams, Louis Fisher, Grady Crawford, Tom Murchison, Albert Prior.

The Superintendent extends a cordial invitation to friends and patrons to visit the school whenever it may suit their convenience.

Respectfully,
MISS P. H. MATTHEWS,
Sup't.

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than B. E. Sedberry & Sons who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely sures Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

BABY'S SMOOTH, FAIR SKIN

A Grateful Mother Writes this Letter—Tells all about Her Troubles when Baby Broke out with Scrofula Sores.

"At the age of two months, my baby began to have sores break out on his right cheek. We used all the external applications that we could think or hear of, to no avail. The sores spread all over one side of his face. We consulted a physician and tried his medicine, and in a week the sore was gone. But to my surprise in two weeks more another scrofulous looking sore appeared on baby's arm. It grew worse and worse, and when he was three months old, I began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla. I also took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and before the first bottle was finished, the sores were well and have never returned. He is now four years old, but he has never had any sign of those scrofulous sores since he was cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, for which I feel very grateful. My boy owes his good health and smooth, fair skin to this great medicine." MRS. S. S. WROTEN, Farmington, Delaware. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents.

VICTOR SAYINGS.

Victor, N. C., April 9, 1898.

Messrs. Talbot, Fields, and Newland Shields are off on a visit to special friends near Carthage.

Mr. Henry Smith is visiting friends and relatives at Victor.

Mr. B. G. Creason is visiting at the residence of Mr. H. Petty.

For an unknown reason Rev. M. D. McIver failed to preach at Union, Sunday, as was announced.

We are glad to see in this week's OBSERVER a letter from our old friend, Kip Kimpton, of Texas. Kip don't seem to think the girls of Texas will compare favorably with his own sweet Annie in North Carolina.

The pupils of Union Home School extend their heartfelt sympathy to Mr. H. A. Kelly, a fellow pupil, in the loss of his father. Mr. Kelly was called from the class room Friday evening to visit the bedside of his suffering parent. At 9 o'clock Saturday night Mr. A. S. Kelly breathed his last. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Z T. Harrison from the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church in Carthage.

DONTON.

RED SPRINGS ITEMS.

RED SPRINGS, N. C.,
April 12, 1898.

Messrs. J. G. Hollingsworth and J. H. Robinson, of Fayetteville, rode a tandem to Red Springs last Sunday and stayed at Hotel Townsend till Monday.

A number of tourists from N. J. and N. Y. came to Hotel Townsend last week and will remain a few weeks.

The town council granted the Red Springs Land and improvement Company permission to put up a telephone exchange, and I hope other towns will encourage this enterprise. We wish Lumber Bridge, Hope Mills, Fayetteville, &c., to be in close communication with this town, which already enjoy telephone communication with Lumberton, Pates, Maxton, &c.

Some of the Seminary teachers and students spent Easter in Fayetteville and other places. The school gave half holiday Monday.

The M. E. Church was decorated with holly, flowers, &c., and the Presbyterian pulpit had beautiful flowers. The services were appropriate and well attended. Two requested the pastors prayers in their behalf at the close of services at M. E. church.

Editor Branch was too unwell to get out his paper last week, hence its delay till today.

Street improvements and building continues.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

List of Jurors for May Term.

C. P. McRae, Quewhiffle; J. K. Seasoms, Cedar Creek; C. T. Butler; Gray's Creek; R. L. Williams, 71st; Wm. King, (col.) 71st; L. B. McFadyen, Quewhiffle; Jonathan Nunry, Cedar Creek; M. H. Sessoms, Cedar Creek; Thos. W. Smith, Cross Creek; Abel Paine, (col.) Cross Creek; S M. Averett, Cedar Creek; G. B. Holmes, Flea Hill; J. O. Davis, Gray's Greek; Wm. McDougald, (col.) Flea Hill; Joseph Johnson, Rockfish; E. N. Priest, Quewhiffle; E. A. Horn, Cedar Creek; W. A. Vanstory, Cross Creek; S. A. Blue, (col.) Quewhiffle; W. B. Johnson, Rockfish; T. R. Melvin, Beaver Dam; E. S. Sanders, Flea Hill; J. H. Bryant, Cedar Creek; C. C. McLellan, Black River; G. A. McFadyen, Rockfish; Neill Sessoms, Cedar Creek; A. E. Faircloth, Rockfish; W. F. Campbell, Cross Creek; H. A. Hall, Beaver Dam; P. J. Murphy, Flea Hill; J. O. Waddell, Little River; J. C. Bain, Black River; J. R. Patterson, 71st; J. C. Adams, Carver's Creek; M. H. McLean, Rockfish; L. W. Leavy, Rockfish.

Wasting in Children

can be overcome in almost all cases by the use of Scott's Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil and the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. While it is a scientific fact that cod-liver oil is the most digestible oil in existence, in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

it is not only palatable, but it is already digested and made ready for immediate absorption by the system. It is also combined with the hypophosphites, which supply a food not only for the tissues of the body, but for the bones and nerves, and will build up the child when its ordinary food does not supply proper nourishment.

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the man and fish are on the wrapper.

All druggists; 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Base Ball.

The game of base ball Friday afternoon between the Fayetteville Juniors and the F. M. A. teams resulted in a victory for the Juniors by a score of 14 to 9, though it was hotly contested by both sides, and at times quite exciting. The batteries were: F. M. A., Sutton and Horney; Juniors, MacRae and Owen. The Juniors play the Lumber Bridge team at Lumber Bridge next Saturday.

How to Look Good.

Good looks are really more than skin deep, depending entirely on a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the liver be inactive, you have a billious look; if your stomach be disordered, you have a dyspeptic look; if your kidneys be affected, you have a pinched look. Secure good health, and you will surely have good looks. "Electric Bitters" is a good Alterative and Tonic. Acts directly on the stomach, liver and kidneys. Purifies the blood, cures pimples, blotches and boils, and gives a good complexion. Every bottle guaranteed. Sold at B. E. Sedberry & Sons Drug Store. 50 cents per bottle.

CASTORIA

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. on every wrapper.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

The Fac-simile Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Appears on Every Wrapper.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

30 inch Resawing with all the latest improvements.

A FEW OF MY **LEADING MACHINES**

Rapid Feed Double Surfacer, working 3 1-4x14 inches. Shipping weight, 6,000 lbs

J. A. VANCE IRON WORKS,

Write for Circular. SALEM, N. C

Improved Circular Saw Mill, built in various lengths to 60 feet.

Meeting of the Board of Aldermen.

The Board of Aldermen met in regular monthly session Monday night with Mayor Cook and the following Aldermen present: A. A. McKethan, J. A. Pemberton, B. R. Taylor, W. S. Maultsby, J. F. Johnson, J. W. Johnson, E. J. Kennedy, R. L. Holland, J. B. Underwood and J. G. Hollingsworth.

Messrs. J. R. Williams and E. H. Williamson appeared before the Board and asked that the water works be extended to the Oil Mill and the Holt-Williamson Mill in Campbellton, simply as fire protection. Both gentlemen said they were willing to bear the cost of one hydrant each, and the city would bear the cost of two. There was some opposition at first, several Aldermen expressing themselves in plain language about Mr. Richards and the water works. Alderman J. W. Johnson said Mr. Richards would hold strictly to the contract, which contract he said hardly a man in Fayetteville today would endorse. Aldermen Pemberton, J. F. Johnson and A. A. McKethan said they recognized this fact, but that it should not stand in the way of giving protection to the property of these gentlemen, who were doing so much to build up Fayetteville.

The Aldermen then, at the suggestion of Aldermen J. F. Johnson and A. A. McKethan, granted the extension.

The matter of the ditch on Russell Street flooding the property of Col. Alderman and Mr. Hedgpeth, was referred to a committee consisting of Aldermen A. A. McKethan, J. W. Johnson and C. B. McMillan.

Aldermen Maultsby moved that a hydrant be placed on Maultsby Street and demanded a rising vote. Every Aldermen present voted against it.

Alderman J. W. Johnson, Chairman of the Cemetery Committee, asked that $25 be appropriated for putting the Cemetery in shape for the 10th of May. This was done unanimously.

Two Latter Day Saints, or Mormons, appeared before the Board and asked permission to preach on the streets. This was refused.

Roll of Honor at F. M. A. for Month Ending April 1st.

T. H. Sutton, Jr.,	bradboy, general average,	92
Claude W. Rankin,	gen'l average,	91
B. F. Huske,	" "	90
George Lucas,	" "	90
S. G. Haigh,	" "	90

All cadets who receive a general average of 90 or above are placed upon the Roll of Honor.

The Lee Special.

A special, consisting of baggage car, two pullman's and the Plant System private car, containing General Lee and sixteen newspaper correspondents, passed through here Tuesday morning at 5:40 o'clock. The train will reach Washington at 2 p. m. this afternoon.

Now that all the newspaper men have left Havana, very little will be heard of the doings in Cuba, and the Spaniards can have their own vile will.

Firmly Grounded.

FARPSBORO, N. C., March 29, 1898.—The confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla is firmly grounded because of the remarkable cures which this medicine is constantly accomplishing in all sections of the country. John B. Tisdale of this place says: "I regard Hood's Sarsaparilla as the best of blood purifiers, and it has done much good in our home. I have recommended it to others among my associates, as I have great faith in its curative powers." JOHN B. TISDALE.

No Commencement.

Prof. J. A. McArthur, of the Lumber Bridge High School, was at home to spend Easter. There will be no commencement at the High School this year, Prof. McArthur reasoning that a commencement like Lumber Bridge is noted for, takes a month of the pupil's time in perparation.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceedingly prompt ness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by H. R. HORNE, Druggist, Fayetteville, N. C.

New Drug Store.

Dr. J. W. McNeill will shortly establish a drug store on the corner of the Knights of Pythias building.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN **CORN PAINT**

Removes all Corns, Bunions and Warts, without pain, speedily and permanently

All Druggists sell ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT.

LIPPMAN BROS. Sole Props. Lippman's Block, Savannah, Ga.

SOMETHING NEW

5¢

Large package of the world's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4-pound package. All grocers. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston. Philadelphia.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,

Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms*.
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.

WALL PAPER,

Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., APRIL 14, 1898

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents —and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

King Bros.---Bicycles.
F. R. Rose---Insurance.
H. R. Horne---Stern's Bicycle.
The Euclid Oil Company—Wanted
N. A. Sinclair---Sale Under Mortgage.
Hollingsworth & Co.---Hats and Shoes
S. W. Tillinghast---Land sale for taxes
T. J. King & Co.---Wanted Boys and Girls.
The Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co ---Belts.
The South Side Carriers---Send for Catalogue and Prices.

Bad Accident.

The little son of Jno. Jones, a colored porter on the C. F. & Y. V., was shot in the abdomen Sunday afternoon by a pistol falling from a mantle piece and exploding. The little boy is dangerously hurt.

Detective Work on the Hill.

We are informed that a detective has been employed by the residents of Haymount to apprehend the persons who make night hideous by constant pistol firing, accompanied by war whoops.

Vestrymen of St. John's Church

The following Vestrymen of St.John's Episcopal Church were elected on Easter Monday: Messrs. R. P. Buxton, E. J. Hale, B. R. Huske, J. C. Haigh, H. R. Horne, J. J. Croswell, J. A. Worth, J. N. Prior, E. J. Lilly, F. R. Rose, Charles Haigh, W. N. Tillinghast.

Marriage Licenses.

There were 21 marriage licenses granted by the Register of Deeds during March, 16 to white and 5 to colored.

Four have been granted so far this month, 1 to whites and 3 to colored.

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Only.

Easter At the Churches.

AT ST. JOHN'S.

This gladsome day was celebrated at this church with beautifully decorated chancel, superb music and impressive services and a fine sermon. A large congregation was in attendance and an unusually large number made their Easter communion.

The music was much admired. The decorations were very effective. The service was beautifully rendered throughout, and all the worshippers seemed to be "in the spirit," on this, the Lord's Day.

In the afternoon the children's service took place at 4 o'clock.

AT THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

At the Presbyterian Church, in the morning, Rev. H. T. Graham selected for the theme of a very impressive and scholarly discourse the crucifixion of our Lord Jesus, presenting a series of very graphic pictures:—the Roman soldiers at the foot of the cross parting his raiment and for his vesture casting lots; the hooting rabble; the persecuting scribes and Pharisees; and in the distance, the weeping women of Galilee. The evening service was conducted by the pastor with a strong, forcible sermon, and during both services, the congregation was thrilled and delighted by the splendid vocal music of the gifted Miss Munce, of the Red Springs Female Seminary, the accomplished organist, Mrs. Hall, at the instrument. Miss Munce is endowed with a voice of rare sweetness and power, and in the solo "The Holy City," she surpassed even her splendid efforts in the recent concert in the Opera House.

AT THE METHODIST CHURCH.

As usual, Easter was observed at Hay Street Methodist Church, with befitting services. Printed programs for the morning and evening exercises were distributed to the congregation. The various musical selections were all in excellent taste, and were rendered with fine effect, showing thorough training on the part of the choir, under the capable direction of Mrs. W. A. Robeson, the organist at Hay Street.

The pastor, Rev. Dr. Nash, preached ably and feelingly on the Resurrection, the theme of the morning sermon being "The Resurrection of Christ the grandest fact in human history," and that of the evening "Talking with Jesus by the way."

The chancel was handsomely decorated with easter lillies, ferns, evergreens and flowers. The morning services were largely attended. The usual easter offering was taken, amounting to $150, which will be applied on the Conference collections.

Miss Mary Eliza Robeson, a former member of Hay Street choir, was present on yesterday, Easter Sunday, and took part in the singing, to the delight of her many friends and admirers. Possessing as she does a rich soprano voice of rare compass and sweetness, her presence added much to the success of the elaborate musical program which had been specially arranged for the occasion.

A little boy asked for a bottle of "get up in the morning as fast as you can," the druggist recognized a household name for "DeWitt's Little Early Risers," and gave him a bottle of those famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, liver and stomach troubles. King Bros.

The Resolutions Before the Senate.

They Will Be Passed.

Immediate Armed Intervention—The Administration Playing its Last Card, Delay—The Two Magnificent Ships, the St. Paul and St. Louis, to be Purchased.

The First Actual War Movement.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Old Point Comfort, April 13.—The Flying Squadron sails at two o'clock under sealed orders for South. The Squadron consists of the Massachusetts, Texas, Brooklyn, Minneapolis and Columbia.

LATER—2 p. m.—One salute of thirty guns has just been fired, calling all hands aboard the flying squadron. Commander Schley bids his wife and daughter good-bye.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, April 13.—The basis of the resolutions the committees of both houses have agreed upon, is as follows:

First. That the people of the island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent.

Second. That the war Spain is waging against Cuba is so destructive of the commercial and property interests of the United States, so cruel, barbarous and inhuman, in its character as to make it the duty of the United States to demand the withdrawal of her land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

Third. That the President is hereby authorized, empowered and DIRECTED to use if necessary the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect.

"What is the use of talking," exclaimed representative Grosvenor this morning when asked whether we were going to have war, "We are going to declare war before night, or at least that will be the effect of the action Congress will take today."

The Democratic members of the house committee on foreign affairs today told their republican colleagues that with some slight modification of the majority resolution they thought they could unite to support them. Upon this statement an adjournment was taken until this afternoon. The committee hope to be able to report the resolutions and have the house agree to them today.

BEFORE THE SENATE.

By telegraph to the Observer.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate reported to that body this afternoon for armed intervention and the establishment of a stable government in Cuba. The minority five members reported in favor of recognizing the independence of the present Cuban government. The report which accompanied the foreign relations committee's resolutions was emphatic in charging the Spanish officials with the destruction of the Maine. Following is the preamble of the resolutions: Whereas, the abhorent conditions which have existed for more than three years on the island of Cuba, so near our own borders, have shocked the moral sense of the people of the United States, and have been a disgrace to christian civilization, culminating as they have in the destruction of the United States battleship Maine with 266 of its officers and crew while on a friendly visit to the harbor of Havana, and cannot longer be endured, as has been set forth by the President of the United States in his message to Congress on April the eleventh.

Will Pass To-Day.

By telegraph to the Observer.

WASHINGTON, April 13, 3:30 P. M. —The indications are that the House will pass the resolutions to-day.

Situation at Madrid

By cable to the Observer)

Madrid, April 12.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon the situation is regarded by all sides as most serious as it is also by Minister Woodford at last.

Purchase of Magnificent Ships.

By telegraph to the Observer.]

Washington, April 13th.—The navy department has decided to buy the American Liners St. Paul and St. Louis to add to the fleet. Other purchases are contemplated.

The Old Dominion liner, Yorktown, will probably be purchased by the navy department.

Big Row in the House.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

WASHINGTON, April 13, 4:30 P. M. —There was a big row in the House over the minority report. The majority tried to shut the minority out. The Democrats protested and charged bad faith. Congressman Brum, of Pennsylvania, called Congressman Bartlett, of Georgia, a liar, and Bartlett threw a book at him. The sergeant at arms rushed forward and quiet was restored.

The Administration Again For Delay.

By telegraph to the Observer.]

Washington, April 13.—Opposition to the consideration of the resolution in the Senate manifested itself when Senator Hoar demanded that under the rules the resolution go over until tomorrow. Vice President Hobart sustained the point, but Senator Foraker immediately began his speech. Senator Turpie offered the minority report declaring for the recognition of independence, signed by Senators Foraker, Mills, Turpie and Daniels.

Senator Foraker in closing said: "Time for deplomacy is over, time to act has commenced and we should carry our flag on to victory.

April Wisdom.

Be sure that your blood is pure, your appetite good, your digestion perfect.

To purify your blood and build up your health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

This medicine has accomplished remarkable cures of all blood diseases. It is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to make you well by purifying and enriching your blood, giving you an appetite, and nerve, mental and digestive strength.

Spain Ready for War.

Spain Will Brook No Interference—She Says All Negotiations are Over —Gen. Lee Refuses a Reception—Troops Moving South—Is the Cable Cut—England Says It's War.

Twenty Tons of Powder.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Brooklyn, April 13.—Twenty tons of quick firing smokeless powder were delivered at the Navy Yard today from the Dupont factory.

McKinley Will Be Satisfied.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Washington, April 13.—Vice President Hobart said after leaving the President this morning, that the latter will be satisfied with any action of Congress.

Is the Cable Cut.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, April 13.—The Central Cable Office announces the interruption of the Havana cable, and that they can't locate it. They are unable to tell how long it will require to remedy it.

Heading Straight For War Say England.

By cable to the Observer.)

London, April 13.—This afternoon's English newspapers declare unanimously that the United States and Spain are heading straight for war.

Powder Mill Blown Up.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Norristown, April 13.—Miller's Sunneytown Powder Mill was destroyed by an explosion of fifteen tons of government powder this morning. The shock was felt thirty miles distant. Nearby dwellings were wrecked. Fortunately there were no casualties.

Troops Moving South.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Fort Worth, April 13.—The United States Troops stationed at Fort Bliss started for Chicamauga Park, Tennessee, today.

Key West, April 13.—A large force began unloading the big rifles morning and are hurrying in mounting them.

Chicago, April 13th.—The Twenty fifth United States Infantry from the Northwest to the rendezvous at Chicamauga, passed through here today.

Lee Declines a Reception.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, April 13th.—The Joint Committee of the Union Veteran Association of the District of Columbia called on General Lee today and invited him to attend a public reception at an early date. In response to this pressing invitation the General said he would rather not have a reception. The people in Washington have been very kind to him, and that he appreciated it. He was very tired, however, and would much prefer to rest awhile here.

THE ACTION OF THE COMMITTEES THIS MORNING.

The President Promises to Execute the Law.

By telegraph to the Observer

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The House Committee on Foreign Affairs went into session early this morning. A determination was reached in the session in a short time. The determination is a final agreement on a satisfactory resolution to present to Congress. There is no evidence that the President is making any efforts whatever to influence the action of the two committees. His friends say that he is willing to abide by any decision it directs and will not nullify or delay the execution thereof.

The minority Senate committee will submit a report demanding recognition and independence. They agree with everything the majority say, but want to go a step further. Gen. Lee appears before the strategic board today to discuss plans for the action of our army and navy in Cuba. Admiral John B. Walker has been made a member of that board.

At noon the republicans had agreed on resolutions and adjourned till one o'clock to allow the democrats to consult their leaders with the object of securing unanimous action. The republicans agreed that the word "Independent" be placed in the resolutions. Republicans expressed themselves as generally satisfied with the tenor of the resolutions agreed upon, and the prospects are for harmonious action.

The Senate committee didn't meet until 11, and the meeting is said to have been informal, the essential work having been completed yesterday. There were some additions to their report on account of Gen. Lee's testimony, but these are not material as his statements didn't add anything to the committee's stock of information. It was felt, however, that his statement would be valuable in the rounding out and completing the report and supporting the committee's position. His opinions were in line with those of the majority and were highly valued.

An effort is being made among the Senators to have the committee's resolutions delayed for the purpose of examination. The Maine disaster is dealt with in a fiercely resentful manner. The committee's report says: "That investigation that has been made, was conducted with judicial thoroughness and deliberation. There is difficulty in demonstrating by conclusive proof the official personal cause of the disaster, but that doesn't excuse or obscure the official and responsible cause.

The report convicts Spain of the crime of planting a mine and mooring the Maine over it. The destruction of the Maine excited to an unprecedented degree the compassion and resentment of the American people, a manifestation of which was suspended until the investigation discloses the cause. That the investigation showed that when it was learned of the Maine's coming, plans were laid to destroy her.

Preparing for War.

In preparing for war Congress will use all efforts to reduce suffering in the East and North. The South does not need their help in that line. We have Rice's Goose Grease. That cures all forms of rheumatism, gout, croup, coughs and colds. Sold by all druggists and general stores Always guaranteed.—Adv't.

McKinley Advises All Persons,

old or young, before enlisting in the U S. army, to cure themselves of all aches and pains, croup, coughs and colds, rheumatism, neuralgia and bronchial troubles. To do this, use only Rice's Famous Goose Grease Liniment, always guaranteed and sold by wholesale and retail druggists. —Adv't.

At Madrid

By cable to the Observer.

Madrid, April 13th.—The Cabinet after discussing the message of President McKinley last night, officially declared that the unwarrented meddling attitude of interference by the United States in Spanish affairs as expressed in the message was incompatable with Spanish sovereignty and rights, and declared they would admit no interference. They are unalterably determined to uphold the national rights and calmly await further developments. The official statement says that Spain is not called upon to act until President McKinley's recommendations become concrete acts. The Minister of War has reported on the mobilization of the land forces. Extraordinary precautions for war are being taken. Money has been voted to complete the fortifications at Porto Rico.

In an interview Premier Sagasta says that the Spanish ministry takes strong ground against the declarations and tone of the President's message. He says it is a deplorable document, yielding to the clamor of congress. He further says that the efforts of the powers to keep the Spanish-American affairs on a diplomatic basis are futile.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. is on every wrapper.

THE SITUATION.

WAR IS CERTAIN.

LATEST.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, D. C., April 13th—8:30 P. M.—After a most exciting scene for many years Congress rejected the minority report by 150 to 191. The majority report was then adopted by 324 to twenty. This is equivalent to a declaration of war.

GEN. LEE'S RECEPTION.

The press dispatches of Wednesday morning from Washington say:

Consul General Fitzhugh Lee arrived here from Havana at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. A large crowd of enthusiastic admirers had gathered at the Pennsylvania station and when the General stepped from the train he was greeted with tremendous applause. The General occupied the last car in his train and when it was known that it had reached the station there was a tremendous rush to get a look at him. By the time he was ready to alight the crowd was so dense about the train that even with the assistance of a platoon of police it was with difficulty he reached the platform.

After a few minutes the Consul General emerged, accompanied by Secretary Sherman and Assistant Secretary Day. The three entered a carriage and were driven to the White House, General Lee getting another ovation on his way over.

General Lee was before the senate committee on foreign relations for an hour late today. He talked freely with the committee with regard to the conditions in Cuba and especially with reference to the destruction of the Maine He said that in his opinion there was no room to doubt that the destruction of the vessel was due to the Spanish agencies.

"Do you mean the Spanish authorities in Cuba," he was asked by a member of the committee.

"I mean the Spanish officials," he replied, "but not General Blanco. I think some of the officials were cognizant of the plans to destroy the vessel, but I do not believe that the captain general was."

The men who will decide the course to be recommended on the message and the correspondence are: Senate Committee on Foreign Relations—Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota, Chairman; William P. Frye of Maine, Shelby M. Cullom of Illinois, Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, Clarence D. Clark of Wyoming, Joseph B. Foraker of Ohio, John T. Morgan of Alabama, George Gray of Delaware, David Turpie of Indiana, John W. Daniel of Virginia, and Roger Q. Mills of Texas.

House Committee on Foreign Affairs —Robert R. Hitt of Illinois, Chairman; Robert Adams, Jr., of Pennsylvania, Lemuel E. Quigg of New York, Robert G. Cousins of Iowa, William Alden Smith of Michigan, Joel P. Heatwole of Minnesota, Richmond Pearson of North Carolina, Frederick H. Gillett of Massachusetts, Charles L Henry of Indiana, Hugh A. Dinsmoro of Arkansas, Francis G. Newlands of Nevada, Champ Clark of Missouri, John S. Williams of Mississippi, Albert S. Berry of Kentucky, and William M. Howard of Georgia.

THE FORAKER RESOLUTION.

"Be it resolved, by the senate and the house of representatives of the United States of America;

"First—That the people of the island of Cuba are, and of right, ought to be free and independent;

"Second—That the government of the United States hereby recognizes the republic of Cuba as the true and lawful government of that island.

3rd. "That the war Spain is waging against Cuba is so destructive of the commercial and property interests of the United States, and so cruel, barbarous and inhuman in its character as to make it the duty of the United States to demand, and the government of the United States does hereby demand, that she at once withdraw her land and naval forces from Cuba.

"Fourth—That the President of the United States be, and is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to use, if necessary, the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions in effect."

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache.

Hood's Pills

Insomina, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WANTED,

Salesmen to handle our Lubricating Oils on commission in Fayetteville and vicinity. Liberal terms.

THE EUCLID OIL COMPANY,
Cleveland, Ohio.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

A pure whiskey agrees with any food, in fact aids digestion. It tones the stomach, increases the flow of the gastric juices and so promotes strength and flesh. A pure whiskey like HARPER Whiskey.

SOLD IN
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Beautiful Jewel BELTS,

Silk Plaid Belts, and Kid Belts

of every description, just received. Ful line of Can't Slip Belts.

New line of Cosmopolitan French Percal Shirts, just received. These are the neatest patterns out. This shipment completes our shirt stock.

New Line of Ladies' Collars,

Peyser's make.

Our line Percals for Waists are the most stylish in town.

Full line Ducks in all colors at 10 cents a yard

Did you ever wear a pair of Atwood's Suspenders? We are showing a full line of these suspenders

Ask to see our Ziegler's $1 50 Oxford Ties. These are great values All sizes and widths.

Don't forget about our line of Black Goods for Skirts.

Our line of Beautiful Silks for Waists are selling fast Come while you can get your pick.

The Frank Thornton Dry Goods Co.

Our Straw Hats for men, boys and children have arrived. See them.

Are you in sympathy with the Cubans? Wear the Cuban Hat---grey, white and lead colors. Only 50 cents.

A general favorite with bicyclists are our easy-fitting and handsome bicycle shoes. We have them in black or tan. The latest and most approved styles.

HOLLINGSWORTH & CO.

CRAWFORD BICYCLES,

Cleveland Bicycles,

Lamps, Bells, Cement and other BICYCLE SUNDRIES.

KING BROS.,
Hotel LaFayette Building,

Rand-McNally 1898 Handy Map of North Carolina, for 50 cents,
at the
OBSERVER OFFICE.

THE STEARNS BICYCLE

which we are selling for

$50.00

(either in Orange or Black) has flush joints, new self-oiling crank-hanger, internally fastening handle-bar and seat-post connections, and the most up-to-date equipment.

MAKE A CAREFUL COMPARISON BEFORE YOU BUY.

H. R. HORNE.

F. R. ROSE,

FIRE INSURANCE

AGENT,
Opposite Hotel LaFayette.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WANTED

Boys and Girls.

We will send any reputable boy or girl a $3 00 lot of our Vegetable and Flower Seeds (any kind wanted) and will give a *nice Nickel Stem Wind and Set Watch* when the seed are sold. No money in advance, simply write us you accept this offer and we will forward the seed charges paid. We only ask that settlement be made in thirty days. Seeds are needed by every one and you can earn a watch easily. None are better than *King's Northern Grown* We have *World's Fair Medal and Diploma*, and make big offers to get you to help us introduce our brands. We give *Suits of Clothes, Bicycles, Buggies, Guns and many other valuable articles.* Write us a postal to-day and commence a nice little business.

T J KING CO., RICHMOND, VA.
Grand Premium List and testimonials sent with the seed.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of Mortgage, executed by J. M. Goddard and wife, which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds for Cumberland county, in book A, No. 5, page 197, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: A house and lot in Fayetteville, N. C., described as follows:

Beginning at a stake, corner Hillsboro and Moore street, in Fayetteville, N. C; thence with the east edge of Hillsboro street 3 chains and 35 links to a stake, the corner of William Overby lot; thence with his line South 71 east 2 chains 50 links to a stake, corner of E. Fuller's lot; thence south 4 west 3 chains 42½ links to Moore street; thence with the north edge of Moore street to the beginning; excepting, however, from the above, the lot of land heretofore sold by the parties of the first part, beginning at the corner of Hillsboro and Moore street, and runs thence south 65° 31' east 70 feet 9 inches to a stake, the corner; thence north 16 east 61½ feet to the well, the corner; thence north 6 east 159 feet to a stake, the corner; thence north 68° 31' west 91 feet to a stake, the corner; thence south 5° 31' west 221 feet to the beginning. Said lot excepted from the operation of this deed being 40-100 of an acre.

Place of sale, Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale, Thursday, May 12, 1898, 12 M.

Terms of sale, cash.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

April 9, 1898.

CURES TO STAY CURED.

Thousands of voluntary certificates received during the past fifteen years, certify with no uncertain sound, that Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) will cure to stay cured, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Ulcers, Sores, Blotches, and the most malignant blood and skin diseases. Botanic Blood Balm is the result of forty years experience of an eminent, scientific and conscientious physician. Send stamp for book of wonderful cures, and learn which is the best remedy. Beware of substitutes said to be "just as good" and buy the long-tested and old reliable Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) Price only $1. 00 per large bottle.

EFFECTED AN ENTIRE CURE.

For over two years I have been a great sufferer from Rheumatism, affecting both shoulders to such an extent that I could not put my coat on without help. The use of six bottles of Botanic Blood Balm, (B. B. B.) effected an entire cure I refer to Rev. W. W. Wadsworth, proprietor Coweta Advertiser, and to all merchants of Newnan.

JAC. B F. SPONCLER,
For sale by Druggists. Newnan, Ga.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES
"THE PEACE MAKERS"

OBSERVER, 1898.
(In clipping leave on date)

We Have Received a Car Load

Consisting of 121 BUCK'S Cooking Stoves and Ranges.

We are prepared to furnish these to reliable parties for CASH or on the installment plan.

They are THE BEST, as you can see by careful examination of the minutest details of their construction.

Come and See Them

Look out for the children's BUCK'S Jr. Range contest. One to be given to the girl under 14 years of age, who gathers the most Buck trade mark advertisements cut from the town papers, between April 1st and May the 16th.

The other for the girl who makes the most English words from BUCK'S Trade Mark.

SEE CUT ABOVE

This Contest Closes July 1st.

Huske Hardware House

The South Side Carriers

For Strawberries, Peaches, Grapes, Peas, Beans, &c.,

with all the latest ideas in shipping packages. Send for illustrated descriptive catalogue and prices.

SOUTH SIDE MF'G CO.,
Petersburg, Va.

DOBBIN & FERRALL,

123 and 125 Fayetteville Street,
(Tucker's Store,)
Raleigh, N. C.

AFTER EASTER SHOPPING.

New Arrivals in Sheer Printed Dress Fabrics.

The handsomest collection of French Organdies. All entirely new and exclusive designs—surpassing in high novelty printing all previous styles. PRICE, 32 INCHES WIDE, 35 CENTS.

French Organdies

in plain colors, now so stylish---Cerise, Turquoise, Ceil, Bluet, Violet, &c., &c. 72 inches wide, 40 cents.

Decca Muslin.

Plain white The sheerest cotton fabric worn. Equal in texture and sheerness to the muslins woven in the caves of India 48 inches wide, 75c. Ask for samples.

DOBBIN & FERRALL.

AT THE CLUB,

on the street, or when spending a social evening with friends, a man should always have his linen immaculate in color and neat in its get-up. If you would have your shirts, collars and cuffs irreproachable in color and artistic in finish, have them laundered at the Fayetteville Steam Laundry. Superlative satisfaction is the inevitable result.

LEDBETTER BROS.,
Fayetteville Steam Laundry.
'Phone 42.

WALTER WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Lumber and Building Material

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Thoroughly Dried Material Always On Hand.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, AND MOULDINGS

Farming Implements

OF ALL KINDS.

Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Rakes, Ploughs, Forks, &c.

SIX FT. WIRE NETTING.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER ON THIS MATERIAL

Steam Fixtures for Saw Mills.

Agent for the Frick Co. Engines and Machinery.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON PLANTS OF ANY CAPACITY.

Yours Respectfully,
WALTER WATSON.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company,

DUNN, N. C.

The Cheapest Place to buy your Hardware and Furniture

We have just bought a BANKRUPT STOCK and have bargains to offer Will give you just a few below to let you know that we mean business.

250 Boy Dixie Plows at 88c.
100 No. 7 OK Cook Stoves $7.00.
500 Kegs of Nails $1.70.

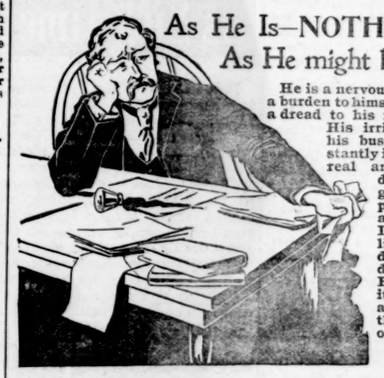
We carry a complete line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Asbestos, Guns, Sospstones. Toe Packing, Mill and Engine supplies, and will sell you for less money than you can buy South of Dixon Line.

Give us a chance and you will be our customer.

Dunn Hardware and Furniture Company

HALLIDAY & PRIVETT.

What is this Man Good For?



As He Is—NOTHING!
As He might be—MUCH!

He is a nervous wreck. His life is a burden to himself, and his presence a dread to his family and friends. His irritability is ruining his business, and his constantly increasing miseries, real and imaginary, are driving him into the grave. This unhappy man is only one of a million in America. If there were no relief for their condition they might indeed pray for death. But Nervousness and its morbid horrors are vanishing before the marvelous work of advanced science.

P. P. P.

(Lippman's Great Remedy) overcomes at once the acute symptoms of every form of Nervous Derangement, and soon makes the patient robust and ambitious. P. P. P. is the best combination of green roots and barks that was ever put together for the cure of Weakness, General Debility and Nervousness. It is a good tonic and the best Blood Purifier in the world. P. P. P. is Nature's specific for Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Malaria and all forms of Blood Poison and Scrofula, whether in adults or children.

P. P. P. is sold by all druggists—$1 a bottle; six bottles, $5.

Lippman Brothers, PROPRIETORS, LIPPMAN BLOCK, Savannah, Ga.

FURNITURE OF ALL GRADES.

Largest line of General Housefurnishing goods at lowest, rock bottom prices.

We manufacture and buy from the largest Furniture Factories in the United States.

Call at the old, reliable

Newberry Furniture Store,
Centre of City, Thornton Block.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to Cure. 25c.

For Sale at a Bargain.

A portable Engine and Boiler—8 horse power, in excellent condition Apply to
W. N. WILLIAMS.
ap'l 6-w2t

—AT—

The Hay St. Grocer's,

A LOT OF SOUTH LAND TOBACCO JUST RECEIVED.

—ALSO—

Jones Co. Yam Slips

—AND—

Norton Yam Slips,

— ALL FOR SALE CHEAP. —

A. S. HUSKE.

AGENT for BASKETS, CRATES, &c.

Thirty five years make a generation That is how long Adolph Fisher, of Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. KING BROS.

Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body.

For sick headache, malaria, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

General Miles's Vaulting Ambition

It seems that Major General Nelson A. Miles, the ranking officer of the army, is making strenuous efforts to have the grade of lieutenant general revived, with an eye to his own appointment to the position. It is safe to assume that when, through some subtle and unforeseen influence, operating on the nominating factor, he attained his present exalted station, his promotion by consensus of soldierly opinion, was entirely disproportionate to his merits or achievements, and in derogation of the rights of other and more deserving comrades.

According to his biography, he participated in some three score and ten pitched battles, and smaller engagements by the score, not to speak of fussy and feathery Indian wars later on. A cursory scrutiny of the record of the so-called "war of the rebellion," fails to disclose in which his claims for his great honor are based. The impression is widespread that his spurs to present and prospective place, were won on a less bloodless field than any other of the multitudinous frays in which he is said to have participated.

By virtue of his assignment to the command of the strongest fortress on the continent, he was given the custody of a half-blind and otherwise decrepid man, long past the meridian of life. True, his prisoner was none of the ordinary sort. He had filled, and without reproach to say the least, the most exalted positions of his time in the history of his country, in council, camp and cabinet. As a colonel of volunteers he had, at critical juncture, and upon his own judgment and responsibility, saved a most momentous day which was virtually given up for lost. As War Minister he had done more to ennoble the office than any one of his predecessors, Mr. Calhoun perhaps, excepted. As law-maker he was the recognized peer of his contemporary giants. As President of the young republic, struggling into existence, he showed himself to be, as high authority has since alleged in the English Parliament, probably the one only man in the world who could have carried on such an unequal conflict as long as he did, showing always the most scrupulous regard for constitutional restrictions and limitations.

Throughout his strange, eventful career he bore untarnished to the end the proud old English name of "gentleman."

Such was the man that General Miles essayed to degrade with shackles and fetters, and by so doing, to degrade his cause and every man who fought under him.

Is General Miles the man on whom to place higher honors? If one must be found to fill a needless honor, in Heaven's name, let him wear clean hands and untarnished name.

The man who shackled President Davis, except under stringent mandate from the highest authorities above, was, perhaps, the one man of his grade in the entire United States army who could have been found to do it. Certain it is, that the dastardly deed was far above the capacity of any co-ordinate officer of "the old army." Ever since the universal scorn throughout the world, especially amongst soldiers, that the act evoked, he has tried to shield himself by disclaimer of responsibility, by intimating that the order for irons came from above. His vaulting ambition for promotion has late unmasked his claim, and nailed a lie somewhere. Surely the ranking officer of the United States Army cannot afford to wear it. Recent senatorial investigation proves virtual denial of the authority claimed by the then Secretary of War. None was ever claimed from the President.

The sum total of predicate upon which this stupendous assumption of authority is based, is an alleged private letter not then forthcoming from Mr. Charles A. Dana, an Assistant Secretary of War, giving permission to employ fetters, if, in the judgment of the redoubtable jailer, handcuffs and leglets were necessary to prevent the escape of this terrible old State prisoner from the rock ribbed fortress in which he was held with bars and bolts and thousands of vigilant eyes to prevent the same.

Conceding authenticity to this extraordinary State paper, which we refuse to do, it will be seen at a glance that the power to manacle was simply permissory and not at all mandatory. But that was sufficient for Major General Nelson A. Miles, who would be Lieutenant General of the United States armies.

It is most unfortunate that in this era of sectional good will, General Miles should for his own selfish aims, try to reopen old sores and renew bad blood by throwing this bone of recontention into the arena. If, by chance, his nomination should be sent to the Senate, we appeal to every patriotic member of that august body, regardless of party affinities, to put an effectual quietus on this over-vaulting ambition of General Miles.

W. J. GREEN.

CATARRH SIX YEARS.
Grew Rapidly Worse—Doctors Did No Good.

Mrs. Adam Staats, a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, writes:

Mequon, Wis., in "I write this letter because of my sympathy for the suffering people. For six years I suffered with chronic catarrh. When ever I caught a little cold I would have a severe spell of sickness. I used different catarrh medicines and the doctors did all they could, but the relief was only temporary. In December, 1897, my condition became very bad. I could not speak aloud; I had a terrible cough, profuse expectoration and frequently spit blood; night sweats and extreme emaciation. I was sure I must die of consumption. The catarrh seemed to have spread all over my body; my head, throat, nose, bladder and womb. At this time I received a book concerning Pe-runa I immediately wrote to Dr. Hartman, who prescribed Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin I followed his directions strictly. I began to improve with the first bottle, and during the time I took the medicines I gained twenty pounds. I feel as well now as anyone could possibly feel. I am sure I would have been dead long ago had it not been for Dr. Hartman's advice and medicine."

Every woman should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book entitled "Health and Beauty." Sent free by the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Sigsbee Before the House Committee.

Jos. Ohl in Atlanta Constitution.]

Before the house committee on foreign relations Captain Sigsbee went fully into the details of the destruction of his ship in Havana harbor, and his narrative impressed the members of that committee more strongly than anything else has, that in making up the case of the United States against Spain the destruction of the Maine should be given most prominent place.

The point which Captain Sigsbee brought out in his talk with the members of the commitee served to drive from their minds the last remaining vestige of doubt as to the direct responsibility of Spanish officials for the explosion which destroyed the ship and sent so many gallant American officers and soldiers to their death. The captain repeated what he had explained to the senate committee about the placing of the Maine at the buoy which was seldom used for anchorage; showed that the position had been taken under the instruction of one of the Spanish pilots; and established responsibility by stating that he had seen the pilot make his report to the commandant of the harbor, the Spanish official in highest authority in such matters.

Captain Sigsbee showed that the position which the Maine occupied on that fatal night was the one position that she would have taken had her commanding officer been suspicious of treachery. From that position alone, could her broadside be turned upon the fortresses which frowned down upon her on either side.

Captain Sigsbee explained the position of these fortresses whose great guns were pointed toward the spot where the American battleship lay. He pointed out that for the Maine to be in position to train her big guns upon the Spanish batteries on either side she would have to lie so that either her bow lights or her stern lights were pointed directly toward the house of the commandant of the port.

The testimony of his officers who had been in charge of the deck from time to time was that never before this night had the Maine, at night time, occupied just this position. It is Captain Sigsbee's idea that a Spanish mine had been planted so as to absolutely insure the destruction of a battleship occupying this position in case the shore batteries were unable to accomplish her destruction unaided. The connection of that mine ran to the office of the commandant of the harbor. Its presence was known to him and doubtless to others of the Spanish officers and pilots who formed his staff. When the Maine swung into the fatal position her lights disclosed the fact to those in the commandant's office.

It was then that the mine was fired.

In response to members of the committee, Captain Sigsbee denied the reports that one of the divers had found a piece of the mine under the wreck or that any of them had discovered wires showing the shore connection.

CITY LIGHTS PUT OUT.

As was asked about the electric lights in Havana. He corroborated the story that some of them had gone out immediately after the explosion of the Maine, and showed that these were the lights located in that part of the city reached by the land connection nearest the point where the Maine lay. He was asked if there were electric lights on other ships in the harbor and said that these were such lights on the Spanish ship Alfonso XII; that these were not put out by the force of the explosion of the Maine. The purport of this portion of the testimony was that if the mine had been fired by electricity taken from the city system of electric lighting the connection would naturally have been with that part of the system in that portion of the city where the lights were out.

Capt. Sigsbee left no doubt in the minds of the members of the house committee of his belief that his ship was destroyed by a mine, not a floating torpedo; that the mine could have been placed where it was by the authority of the officials of the Spanish Government, and that it could only have been fired by one of these officials or some one representative for whose conduct this official and his Government is responsible and should be so held.

Springtime is Sick Time

It is impossible for the system to withstand the demands made upon it just at this season, without the assistance of a good purifying and strengthening tonic. The changes which Nature decrees shall take place each spring are so severe that a breakdown is almost sure to come. It is wise that all possible assistance be given during this period, as upon this purifying process depends the health for the entire summer. Everybody just now should take a thorough course of Swift's Specific

S.S.S. For The Blood

which thoroughly cleanses the blood of all the accumulated impurities, tones up and strengthens the entire system, and aids Nature in renovating and renewing the body so as to render it healthy and strong. Those who purify their blood with S. S. S. at this season are well fortified against the many forms of disease so prevalent during the dreaded heated term, for it has been demonstrated that the system that is thoroughly purified in the spring is well prepared to resist disease all summer.

No other remedy on the market is equal to Swift's Specific as a spring medicine, because it is the only purely vegetable blood remedy and is guaranteed absolutely free from potash, mercury and all other minerals. It cleanses, purifies, builds up and strengthens. Insist on S. S. S., for there is nothing half as good.

Tone Up With Swift's Specific

PATRICK DONAHOE

Other Members of the Family as Warmly Advise Use of

Paine's - Celery - Compound.

Few men in this country who have lived to "clear the eight-barred gate which not many come in sight of, and fewer go over," have enjoyed more of the blessings of a long, active, well-spent life than Patrick A. Donahoe, the founder of the Boston Pilot.

In every city, village and hamlet throughout the several states and territories of the Union, where the Irish-American people have settled, the name of Patrick Donahoe is spoken with respect, admiration and affection.

More than half a century ago Mr. Donahoe established the Pilot. In 1870 he engaged John Boyle O'Reilly, who was its brilliant editor for twenty years.

To every good cause and to every charity he has been a generous subscriber.

Scarcely a Catholic church in New England that has not been a recipient of his bounty.

Mr. Donahoe is now eighty-six.

The following open letter, sent to Wells, Richardson & Co., is, in fact, addressed to the thousands of friends all over the land, in whose hearts and homes Patrick Donahoe has found so large a place.

I recently suffered from prostration brought on by a protracted illness of a very trying character, and at the suggestion of friends who were believers in your remedy (Paine's celery compound) I was induced to give it a trial. I am happy to say that the result was most satisfactory, and I felt its good effect immediately. Hence I am able to recommend its use in cases like mine, where the nervous system, from any cause, is run down and needs a reliable tonic.

I am happy to state that two members of my family have used Paine's celery compound with the most gratifying results. My Daughter-in law, Mrs. P. M. Donahoe, has received the most pronounced results from its use, whilst my son, J. Frank Donahoe, the organist of the Cathedral, is loud in its praise, having found it a great help in regaining his strength from overwork in his profession.

Yes, I believe in Paine's celery compound.

PATRICK DONAHOE

Three-fourths of all the aches, pains and disabilities that aged persons suffer from arise plainly from retarded circulation The slow blood stream gets choked with an accumulation of waste matter that declares its presence in twinges of rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia and inability to sleep. All these unnatural conditions can be corrected and permanently done away with by vigorously cleansing the blood and regulating the tardy circulation- Paine's celery compound is pre-eminently capable of doing this beyond any other remedy.

There is nothing vague about the sort of "good health" that is promised by Paine's celery compound and vouched for by men and women who have used it It means, among other things, firmer nerves, completer digestion, sweeter breath and more regular bodily functions.

Paine's celery compound secures these where other remedies fail, because Paine's celery compound is the discovery of a great physician, who knew all that the school and text books could teach him, but more than that, he knew sick men and women, as few physicians in any age have known them Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of the Dartmouth medical school, was able to drive out disease from the system, because he knew where the disease was lodged and how to help the excretory organs, instead of confusing them as so many illogical remedies do in their effort to cleanse the blood Paine's celery compound encourages and strengthens the kidneys, and enables them to cleanse the blood of its waste, poisonous matters that are the direct cause of drowsiness, listlessness, melancholia, blood diseases, wasting sicknesses, headaches and that generaly "run down" condition that opens the door to definite organic diseases of the heart, kidneys or stomach. especially when a person is advanced in years and no longer possessed of the abundant energy that characterizes youth alone.

Paine's celery compound makes the blood a bright red color, increases its volume in the arteries and quickens its circulation, and enables a nerve-tired person to sleep eight or nine hours at a stretch. Every man or woman whose nervous strength is at all overtaxed, or whose life is a busy one in many directions, will feel the invigorating, vitalizing effect of Paine's celery compound, and see his or her health mend from the first use of this greatest of all known invigorators and remedies.

THE SITUATION.

DEEP DISGUST.

As will be seen by our afternoon dispatches there is deep disgust in Washington over the President's attitude, and the manner in which he fooled Congress. In Spain they declare us cowards, and may force the fighting.

Thursday morning's press dispatches say:

Swift as a cannon's flash changed the Cuban situation today. The galleries of Congress were crowded, Senators and Representatives were anxious and agitated, even the diplomatic corps was in ferment, awaiting a message from the President of the United States to the Congress of the American people that might mean a war, when, with excitement at the very highest, like an electric flash, the word was passed that there would be no message today. Its suddeness stunned the public, which heard the news in distorted form and amazed veteran members of Congress. Ultimately it became known that not only would there be no message today, but no message this week, and that it was at least a possibility the message written and approved might never go to Congress at all. The first reason for the delay was that the administration received advices from General Lee, at Havana, indicating that all Americans would be gotten off the island today and would be in grave peril if the message pressed their departure. The second reason was that the Spanish Government, after what plainly had been most exciting times in inner Spanish circles at Madrid, had decided to re open the case closed, so far as this government was concerned, by the refusal of Spain to make satisfactory response to the representations made by the United States last week, and in order to avert impending war had decided to make concessions heretofore refused.

Many Senators and Congressmen were inclined to criticise because our citizens had not been removed heretofore, while others declared protection for them should have been sent to Havana. "It is a humiliating spectacle," said Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, "that with our fleet within ninety miles of Havana we are not able to protect our people in that port."

The intense Cuban sympathizers on both sides of the Senate chambers were free in the expression of opinion that there was some motive for the delay that did not appear on the surface.

The second reason in the above does not seem to be warranted by the news of this afternoon, and must have eminated from the ever faithful Mark.

The editorials of the London papers Thursday express conflicting opinions. The Daily News thinks the prospect of peace brighter. The Standard says: "Evidently there is to be no war between the United States and Spain about Cuba. The Powers and the Pope will be able to arrange a solution."

The Daily Chronicle, on the contrary, considers the aspect of affairs threatening and advises Spain not to commit suicide.

The press dispatches Friday morning say:

At the capitol the situation was ardently discussed among the individuals and came up in public debate in both houses. The opinion in the Senate and House is that war must come. Even the most optimistic of the conservative Senators have given up hope of a peaceful settlement.

The most important action taken by the Navy Department was the selection of commanding officers for the vessels recently purchased from the Morgan line. The are the magnificent ocean steamers El Sud, El Rio, El Norte and El Sol, and the officers to whom they have been assigned are Commander Willard H. Brownson, now abroad engaged in purchasing ships ond supplies; Commander Chas. H. Davis, Commander Chas. J. Train and Commander Wm. H. Emory.

Madrid dispatches say:

Fifteen Spanish men-of-war will leave Cadiz immediately for the Cape Verde Islands and several battalions have started to reinforce the garrison at the Balearic Islands in the Mediterranean.

The morning papers here are unanimous in expressing the opinion that the situation is very grave. Several papers announce that General Woodford will leave Madrid tomorrow. He has now taken up his residence at the United States legation.

Senor Gullon, received the following letter last night, from the United States Minister:

"Having fruitlessly awaited since noon yesterday for the decision of the Spanish government, it is my duty to announce to you that I will still wait until midnight. I beg of you to kindly communicate this decision before midnight, and that this decision may be couched in terms which may prevent the sad consequences that I should greatly regret, but which I believe inevitable if things continue in their present state."

Spain's laconic Minister of War, General Correa, has at last broken his silence. In an interview the General has given an interesting account of the situation, saying:

"War is the better of the two evils. It is better to fight foreigners than to fight Spaniards, rising in indignation if their honor and right are trampled under foot."

The guards around the United States legion were trebled today.

NO MATERIAL CHANGE.

Good Friday passed in Washington with not a ripple on the surface, either at the White House or at the capitol, to show that the United States are on the brink of war. Both Houses of congress had adjourned until Monday, and at the executive mansion there was no rush of eager and excited public men. At only the War and Navy Departments were there signs of impending conflict, in the rush of immediate orders to a host of naval officers to report at once for duty on vessels to which they were assigned and a conference among bureau chiefs on detail of war preparations. And yet the resolve was firmer than ever that unless Spain yielded to America's Cuban demands, the United States by force of arms would move on Havana.

The President's message remains unaltered, and this being the last cabinet meeting before the message will go to Congress, alterations are unlikely between now and Monday, barring altogether unexpected developments from Madrid.

What is going on in Madrid gives slight hope of concessions there such as will alter the present situation. There are no negotiations in the sense of exchanges on pending propositions. Both parties apparently have said their last word concerning the respective propositions. Certainly this is true as to the United States, and there were no evidences today that the Spanish government would recede.

A torpid liver robs you of ambition and ruins your health. DeWitt's Little Early Risers cleanse the liver, cure constipation and all stomach and liver troubles.

King Bros.

I. O. O. F.

At the last meeting of Cross Creek Lodge I. O. O. F., Past Grand H. L. Cook and Past Grand B. C. Gorham was chosen Grand Representative and alternate respectively to the G. Lodge of I.O.O.F which meets in Raleigh next month. Also Mr. W. J. McCraney, of 71st, was elected District Deputy.

Thirty five years make a generation That is how long Adolph Fisher, of Zanesville, O., suffered from piles. He was cured by using three boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve.

King Bros.

Land Sale for Taxes.

On Monday, the 2nd day of May, I will expose to Public Auction Sale, at the Court House door in the City of Fayetteville, N. C., the following lands to satisfy the City taxes for the year 1896 and for the cost.

S. W. TILLINGHAST,
Tax Collector
for City of Fayetteville, N. C.

Austin, Dallas, residence Moore street,	$5 54
Bain, Edward, 1 vacant North street,	2 80
Bain, Richard, 1 residence North street,	6 13
Beard, Mive, estate, res Hillsboro,	1 50
Bryant, Mary Jane, residence Person st., and 1 improved King street,	5 00
Barge, Amelia, 1 improved Chatham st.,	2 65
Carver, Adam, residence Grove street,	2 25
Cox, Esther, residence Lamon street,	2 50
Clegg, Mrs Peter, residence Orange st.,	2 00
Campbell, E J., residence Blount street,	2 00
Douglass, Jas., residence Blounts street,	1 50
Evans, Dan., Moore, formerly Bain's,	3 00
Evans, Susan, residence Hillsboro street,	1 50
Fuller, Thos, former Moriah residence	4 30
Fuller, G. W., for Tempey, residence C,	65
Fuller, W. M., vacant Person street,	65
Hall, Matt, residence Ramsey street,	3 30
Hodges, M. A., residence Bass street,	1 50
Jones, Martin, 1 proved Ramsey street,	1 00
Leary, J. S, Ramsay and North street,	10 50
Mainor, J J., residence Moore street,	4 63
Martin, Margaret, residence Russell street,	1 50
Moore, Charlotte, vacant, King street,	65
Monroe, W C., residence Orange street,	2 00
Neal, Joseph, Worth street,	1 50
Owens, Natt, residence Moore street,	5 30
Overby, C. P., store Person street, 1 residence Hillsborough street, 1 improved Frink Alley, 1 vacant Chancey street,	21 50
Phillips, H. C, 1 Frink Alley,	1 50
Robinson, Nathan, improved Worth st., 1 vacant " "	5 30
Roberts, Mrs. A. W. residence Mumford,	5 25
Smith, L. J., residence Chatham street,	3 50
Surles, Isaac, residence Broad street,	1 75
Surles, Abby, vacant Redbone	25
Sellers, A, W., residence Campbellton, office Bow street,	9 25
Simmons, R. H., 1 Gillespie street, 3 Russell street 2 Cool Spring, 1 Wilmington Road,	13 00
Tyson Dennis, 1 improved Blount street,	3 30
Waddill Lucy, residence Moore street,	2 50
Williamson Missouri, Cool Spring street,	2 00
Williams, Harrison, res. Hillsborough,	2 00
Williams, Hannah, improved Chancey,	2 50
Williams Elizabeth L., vacant,	1 50
Williams, Lizzie, residence near Chapel,	1 50
Butler, Ella, vacant Person street,	65
Benton, Thos., 2 Orange street,	3 50
Beebe Ed, improvement Orange street,	3 80
Carver, Dina G., residence Blount street,	2 60
Chavis, Juda, residence Ramsey street,	1 00
Coble, M. E. residence Ramsey street,	1 00
Fairley, Mrs. Frank, residence Mechanic,	2 50
Galloway, L. H, vacant, joins Clark,	50
Hunt, Oliver, improved Grove street,	3 00
Hethcock, Alice, 1 Russell street	1 50
Lawrence, Mistress A. E., res. Orange st.,	2 00
Lanier, Bennett, Residence Frink Alley,	2 50
Maxwell, estate of Mrs K., res. Blount,	1 50
McSwain, Alfred, estate, res. Redbone,	1 50
Owen, S. H., improved Broad street,	1 00
Ochiltree, Tom, Wilmington Road,	1 50
Phillips, Thos., residence Frink Alley,	1 50
Perrin, Mrs. L., residence Frink Alley,	3 00
Tarlington, Mistress Ann, res. Junction,	50
Williams, J P. vacant Mallett's pond,	2 00
Wiliams, Sarah, Ex, 2 vacant Gillespie,	8 50

North Carolina,

Cumberland County.

In the Superior Court, Nov. Term, 1898.

Lilly & Gray, Executors, vs Jos. Ray.

Notice of Land Sale.

By virtue of the power and authority vested in me by a decree rendered at November Term of Cumberland Superior Court in the above entitled action, I will offer for sale the following property: Ninety-three acres in Carver's Creek Township, State and County above written and bounded as follows: On the nortn adjoining the lands of W. C. Blackman and the Ray lands; on the west by the lands of Henry Capps, on the south adjoining the Ray lands and the lands of D B. Calvin; on the east bounded by the lands of John Hodges. See Records of Cumberland County, Book L, No. 4, page 467.

Time of sale. April 9th, 1898, at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., at 12 o'clock M.

Terms: Cash

S. H. MACRAE,
March 9, 1898 Commissioner.

North Carolina,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

In Probate Court.

David Sessoms, Admr, of D. T. Horne, dec'd, vs. L. A. Sessoms et al.--Notice.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Probate Court of Cumberland County, to sell a certain parcel of land situated in Cedar Creek Township in said county, for the purpose of making assets to pay debts; and the said defendant will further take notice that she is required to appear at the office of the clerk of the Superior Court, for said county on the 2nd day of May, 1898, at the court house of said county, in Fayetteville, N. C, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

CYRUS MURPHY, C. S. C.

J. G. Shaw, Att'y.

This March 26th, 1898. (oaw) 6 times.

Administrator's Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, as administrator of M. Faulk, deceased, I will sell at the Court House in Fayetteville on Saturday, the 30th day of April, 1898, that valuable plantation on the West side of the Wilmington road about three miles from Fayetteville, and known as the "Smith place;" containing about one hundred and thirty acres. Terms, one-half cash, balance in three months. Title reserved until purchase money is paid.

J. H. MARSH, Administrator.

March 28, 1898.

Administrator's Notice.

Having this day qualified as administrator on the estate of Philip H. Biggs, dec'd, the undersigned hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against the said estate to present the same duly authenticated on or before the 19th day of March, 1899, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make immediate payment.

I. A. MURCHISON.
Marcb 18, 1898. Administrator.

Missouri Pacific Railway.

"Iron Mountain Route."

If you are going to Arkansas, Texas, Indian Territory, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, New Mexico, Arizona, Oregon, California, or anywhere west of the Mississippi River, you will find it to your interest to communicate with the undersigned.

Solid Trains.

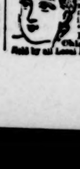
"No Changes."

Free reclining chairs. Write for maps-books, etc. I will take pleasure in calling on you in person and assist you in getting off in good shape. We are the short line to all points west, and the only line to Hot Springs, Ark.

I. E REHLANDER,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
No. 103 Read House,
Chattanooga, Tenn.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, ALWAYS reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortgage, executed by Thos H. Williams and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland county, in book W, No 4, page 245, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: The following piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the County of Cumberland, in the State of North Carolina, and bounded as follows: Beginning at a stake in the northeast corner of a lot given by Alex. Williams to Alice Hall, running thence S. 10¼ W. 190 feet to a stone; thence S. 82½ E., an easterly variation of 2½ degrees allowed, 44 feet to a stone; thence north 190 feet to a stone; thence westwardly up Person street to the beginning.

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale: Monday, May 2nd, 1898.

Terms of sale: Cash.

This March 31st, 1898.

N. A SINCLAIR,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of mortgage, executed by James Douglas and wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book Z, No. 4, page 241, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: All that tract of land situated in the County of Cumberland, in the State of North Carolina, in Fayetteville, bounded as follows: On the east side of Blount's Creek, beginning at a stake, the corner in Hawley's line and running thence north 1 chain 4 links to a stake in the edge of a street, the corner; thence as said street east 2 chains 30 links to Hawley's line; thence with it S. 2° W. 1 chain 10 links to Hawley's other line or corner; thence direct to the beginning, being the same lot as was conveyed to said James Douglas by J. M. Rose, President of Blount's Creek Manufacturing Company, dated July 22nd, 1897, now duly filed for registration.

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of Sale: Monday, May 2nd, 1898

Terms of Sale: Cash

N. A. SINCLAIR,
March 31, '98. Att'y for Mortgagee.

NOTICE!

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION,
House of Representatives U. S.,
Washington, D. C.

To Whom it May Concern:

A competitive examination is hereby ordered to be held at Clinton, Sampson County, N. C., on Friday, the 29th day of April, 1898, for the purpose of selecting one Cadet and one Alternate who shall be appointees to the U. S. Military Academy at West Point. Said examination shall be open to any and all bona-fide residents of the 3rd, Congressional District of N. C., who are possessed of the required legal qualifications. These appointees shall report at West Point, June 14th, 1898.

Jno. E. Fowler, M. C.
3rd, District of N. C.

This the 16th, day of March, 1898.

Alex. H. Koonce,
Private Secretary.

Beautiful Hair

Dr. Murray's Universal Hair Promoter

Cures dandruff, stops the hair from falling out, invigorates the growth, is a superb dressing, and while not a dye, by nourishing its roots, will positively restore gray hair to its original color. It is the par-excellence of all hair restorers.

PRICE, $1.00 PER LARGE BOTTLE.

For sale by druggists—if not, send to us and it will be sent, prepaid, upon receipt of price.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE
MURRAY MEDICINE COMPANY,
ATLANTA, GA

FREE!

Our FARMERS' GUIDE and 1898 Manual of

New Seeds & Implements

Every farmer and gardener needs one. Larger and more complete than ever. Send name and address. Mailed Free.

GRIFFITH & TURNER CO.
205 to 213 N. Paca Street,
Baltimore, Md.

THE NEW YORK

Musical Echo

is the prettiest Musical and Fashion Journal in America.

Containing

36 FULL SHEET MUSIC SIZE PAGES

with Eight Full and Complete Pieces of

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC,

besides Six large Half-tone Portraits of leading pretty Actresses, latest Fashion Plates in Millinery and Dresses, besides pages of interesting Stories, Recipes, etc.

Sample Copies, - 10 cents
Yearly Subscription, $1.00

Address
NEW YORK MUSICAL ECHO CO.
1441 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

—AND—

Georgetown, S. C., Lincs.

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, April 9
CROATAN.....Saturday, April 16

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

CROATAN.....Saturday, April 9
ONEIDA.....Saturday, April 16

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

CROATAN.....Tuesday, April 5
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, April 12

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G EGER, T. M., Bowling Green N. Y.

W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
Bowling Green N. Y

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on The Kind You Have Always Bought. every wrapper.

CF.&Y.V. CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAILWAY.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE

In Effect January 23rd, 1898

NORTH BOUND	No. 2 Daily
Leave Wilmington,	9 00 a m
Arrive Fayetteville,	12 10 p m
Leave Fayetteville,	12 18 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	12 25 "
Leave Sanford,	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 20 "
Leave Greensboro,	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale,	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall,	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	8 40 a m
Leave Rural Hall,	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro,	11 53 "
Leave Greensboro,	12 17 p m
Leave Climax,	12 45 "
Leave Sanford,	2 06 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4 10 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8 00 a m
Arrive Maxton,	9 02 "
Leave Maxton,	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills,	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 Daily
Leave Fayetteville,	4 50 p m
Leave Hope Mills,	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs,	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton,	6 11 "
Leave Maxton,	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Kameeur,	9 40 a m
Leave Climax,	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro,	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11 07 "
Arrive Madison,	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed. Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12 35 p m
Leave Stokesdale,	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro,	3 15 "
Leave Climax,	4 25 "
Arrive Kameeur,	5 10 "

CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company; at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, General Manager
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent

Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Mar. h 20, 1898.	No 85. Daily.	No 35. Daily.	No. 103 Dy ex Sunday	No 41. Daily.	No 49. Daily.
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	M. A. M.	P. M.
Le ve Weldon	12 00	9 43			
Ar locky Mt.	1 11	10 36			
Lea re Tarboro	12 31			6 00	
Lv Rocky Mt.	1 15	10 36		9 45	5 40 1 10
Leave Wilson	2 15	11 16		7 17	6 22 2 37
Leave Selma	3 05	.....			
Lv Fayetteville	4 45	1 07			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 15			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Ar Goldsboro	.....	.....		8 00	.....
Lv Goldsboro	.....	.....		7 01	3 20
Lv Magnolia	.....	.....		8 05	4 24
Ar Wilmington	.....	.....		9 30	5 50
				P. M.	A. M. P. M

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily	No. 102. Dly ex. Sunday.	No 38. Daily	No 40 Daily.	No 48. Daily
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 48		8 15		
Lv Fayetteville	12 18		10 19		
Leave Selma	1 47				
Arrive Wilson	2 35		12 09		
	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	
Lv Wilmington			7 15	9 35	
Lv Magnolia			8 55	11 02	
Lv Goldsboro		5 00	10 10	12 05	
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson	3 35	5 38	12 12	11 20	12 55
Ar Rocky Mt.	3 29	6 15	12 49	11 57	1 37
Ar Tarboro		6 45			
Leave Tarboro	12 31				
Lv Rocky Mt.	3 29		12 49		
Arrive Weldon	4 33		1 42		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M, Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington